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# Welcome to the Málaga Program!

## Dear Dickinson-in-Málaga Program Participant:

Greetings from Carlisle! Congratulations to each of you on your selection to the group of students who will represent Dickinson College at the University of Málaga. You have demonstrated proficiency in Spanish as well as a strong interest in improving your Spanish fluency and immersing yourself in Spanish culture and society. An academically challenging and personally rewarding time awaits you. We wish you all the best!

This **Málaga Orientation Handbook** has been prepared to make your transition to Málaga and the Spanish educational system a little smoother. The handbook covers general topics affecting all students who study abroad: health matters, insurance, safe behavior, code of conduct and other policies, Dickinson course registration and room draw while abroad, and absentee voting. It also contains specific information about studying in Spain: packing tips, homestay advice, lifestyle abroad, an academic calendar, course offerings, and much more. Sections on cultural perspectives will help you put your observations and experiences into context. This program specific information will also help you to understand better and adapt more quickly to your new environment and culture. Everything in this handbook is very relevant, so please read it carefully. A copy of the handbook will be mailed to your parent(s)/guardian(s) at your home address.

If you have any questions, contact the Center for Global Study and Engagement (CGSE) at (717) 245-1341 or [global@dickinson.edu](mailto:global@dickinson.edu). The Center for Global Study and Engagement is open Monday through Friday from 8:30 am to 4:30 pm (EST).

\* \* \* \* \*

## Important Reminders:

If you plan to be at a different address during the break, or, if your insurance information has changed since you completed the Student Agreement form, let the Center for Global Study and Engagement know right away.

To get a visa, your passport must be valid for 6 months beyond your return date. If the copy of your passport that was submitted with your application has been replaced by a new one, you must provide the Center for Global Study and Engagement with current passport information at once. Our letter of support for your visa would be invalid if we used incorrect passport information.

You will need your passport for check-in at departure and when you arrive in Málaga. **Do not pack it in your luggage!**

As you read this handbook, if you feel something important has been left out or that some information is out-of-date or wrong, please let us know.

# IMPORTANT CONTACT INFORMATION

## **Resident Director:**

The prefix [011-34] is only for direct dialing from the U.S.; in Spain, all calls including local calls require 9 digits. Landline numbers begin with a “9”; mobile phone numbers begin with a “6.”

### **Associate Professor Jorge Sagastume**

Paseo Marítimo Ciudad de Melilla 11-5 C  
29016 Málaga, Spain (España)

Tel: (011-34) 952-226-121 (home)

Mobile: (011-34) 626-401-301

Email: [sagastuj@dickinson.edu](mailto:sagastuj@dickinson.edu)

## **The Center for Global Study and Engagement:**

### **Brian Brubaker, Interim Director of Study Abroad**

The Center for Global Study and Engagement

Dickinson College

P.O. Box 1773

Carlisle, PA 17013-2896

Tel: 717 245-1341

FAX: 717-245-1688

E-mail: [brubakeb@dickinson.edu](mailto:brubakeb@dickinson.edu)

## **On-Campus Coordinator**

### **Associate Professor Eva Copeland**

Email: [copelane@dickinson.edu](mailto:copelane@dickinson.edu)

Please contact CGSE with questions

Email: [global@dickinson.edu](mailto:global@dickinson.edu)

## **Major Emergency Protocol:**

If you need to contact the Center for Global Study and Engagement after hours for emergency assistance in a very serious situation, call the Dickinson College Public Safety 24-Hour Hotline (**001-717-245-1111**), identify yourself and the program, describe the emergency briefly, and give a number for call back. The operator will locate the proper CGSE staff member, who will return the call.

## **CGSE's Travel Agency:**

Advantage Travel

313 East Willow Street

Syracuse, NY 13203

TEL: 1-800-788-1980

FAX: 315-471-6264

Contact: Mary Anne Clark

[maclark@advantagecny.com](mailto:maclark@advantagecny.com)

**Spanish Embassy/Consulates in the U.S.:**

Embassy of Spain  
2375 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W.  
Washington, DC 20037  
Tel: 202-452-0100

Consulate General of Spain  
(Spanish Consulate in NYC for: NY, CT, NJ, DE, PA)  
150 East 58<sup>th</sup> St. 30<sup>th</sup> Floor  
New York, New York, 10155  
Tel. 212-355-4080  
Fax: 212-744-3751  
[spainconsulny@mail.mae.es](mailto:spainconsulny@mail.mae.es)

Web site of Spanish Embassy:

<http://www.maec.es/subwebs/embajadas/Washington/es/home/Paginas/Home.aspx>

Contact information for Spanish consulates in Boston, Chicago, Houston, Los Angeles, Miami, New York, Washington D.C., San Francisco, or San Juan can be accessed in English or in Spanish from this web site.

**U.S. Embassy in Spain:**

Calle Serrano 75  
28006 Madrid  
Tel: (011-34) 91 587 2240  
Fax: (011-34) 91 587 2243  
Emergency Only: (011-91) 587 2200

**U.S. Consular Office in Málaga:**

Avenida Juan Gómez "Juanito", 8  
Edificio Lucía 1º-C  
29640 Fuengirola (Málaga), Spain  
Tel: (011-34) 95 247 4891  
Fax: (011-34) 95 246 5189

# GENERAL INFORMATION

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## General College and Office of CGSE Policies

### **College Non-Discrimination Policy:**

Dickinson College is an academic community that values justice, free inquiry, diversity, and equal opportunity. It is a fundamental policy of Dickinson College to respect pluralism and to promote tolerance, civility, and mutual understanding within its community. On that basis, Dickinson College does not discriminate as to race, color, sex, political and religious beliefs, marital status, age, sexual orientation, national and ethnic origins, veteran's status, or disability.

### **Student Agreement Form (see Appendix VI):**

The Student Agreement form, which applicants filled out as part of their application process, acknowledges awareness of inherent risks associated with foreign travel and that the student is participating in the program voluntarily. By signing the form, the participant agrees to release, indemnify, and hold harmless Dickinson College from and against any claim that the participant, the participant's parents or guardian or any other person may have for any losses, damages, or injuries arising in connection with participation in the overseas program. Signing this form automatically enrolls the student at no cost in Dickinson College's "Supplemental Emergency Travel Assistance and Medical Evacuation Insurance Program." (See Appendix IV for more information on this insurance.)

### **Status of non-Dickinson Students:**

Students from other institutions who participate in Dickinson College programs are considered "guest students" of the College for the duration of the program; as such, they will enjoy all the rights and privileges granted by the program (the only restriction is ineligibility for Dickinson grant money and endowed scholarships).

### **Program Cancellation Policy:**

All decisions concerning the cancellation (or required modification) of a Dickinson College program will be made by the Center for Global Study and Engagement in consultation with responsible authorities on campus and overseas. These decisions will be based on, but not limited to, State Department warnings. In the unlikely event of an emergency program cancellation, every effort will be made to accommodate the academic needs of program participants by offering an alternative to enable students to complete their course work. For example, one possible alternative would be to offer suitable coursework on-campus during the summer.

Students whose program is cancelled prior to the start date will receive a full refund of the program fee, including the confirmation payment.

If a program is cancelled after it starts and an alternative for credit completion is offered, no refund will be given.

If a program is cancelled after it starts and an alternative credit completion is NOT offered, the student will receive a full refund including the confirmation payment.

# Conduct and Discipline Policies

## **What is this all about? (IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ!!)**

At Dickinson College, study abroad is not about travel to an exotic destination. It means becoming an active participant in the life and culture of a foreign locale in order to gain useful knowledge about a place and its people. By applying to a particular program, you have taken a significant step toward expanding your mind, engaging other cultures, and becoming a more active participant in our global society.

In a very real sense, you go abroad as an ambassador of Dickinson College. Your attitude, interactions, and presence abroad will speak volumes about you and about us. You are privileged to be abroad as a full-time learner, both academically and in all other aspects of daily life. Many study abroad participants are used to being the “majority,” and once they become a minority abroad they realize their actions are viewed as representative of their entire group. Resist playing the role of the “ugly American” stereotype. Resolve instead to develop understanding and show respect for the culture you are visiting.

## **Code of Conduct:**

All students studying abroad are expected to abide by the code of conduct as expressed in the Student Agreement Form that you have signed. This form is reprinted as VII of this handbook. Please read it again.

It is a fundamental expectation that students will respect the norms of the host culture with regard to behavior and dress and will obey host country laws as well as all policies and regulations of the host institution and/or Dickinson Program. It is further expected that students enrolled in Dickinson programs will:

- attend and participate in classes and complete assignments
- participate in planned group excursions.
- observe the rules and respect the property of the host institution, housing accommodations, and any temporary excursion accommodations such as hotels or hostels
- for safety purposes, provide the Resident Director with contact information and/or itinerary to the extent possible when they leave for private travel.

Students shall respect the rights of other students whether on the program or at the host institution, as well as those of homestay families, staff, and faculty. Dickinson College policies regarding student conduct as outlined in the Dickinson College Student Handbook, including academic infractions such as plagiarism, apply to students enrolled overseas as well. In Dickinson programs abroad, the Resident Director will serve as the Judicial Hearing Officer for alleged violations.

## **Drinking and Drug Use:**

Most cultures have well-established customs with regard to acceptable social drinking. Mature behavior and respect for local customs is expected of all students. The misuse of alcohol will not be tolerated and can result in dismissal from the program. The use, purchase, or sale of illegal drugs is prohibited. A student caught using, purchasing, or selling drugs will be sent home immediately without refund.

Legal penalties with regard to drugs and alcohol may be more severe in the host country than in the U.S. and may entail fines and/or jail time. A student charged with breaking local laws will be subject to the rulings of local courts. U.S. laws and constitutional guarantees do NOT apply. The ability of program staff or U.S. Embassy personnel to assist is very limited. In most countries release on bail while awaiting trial is not an option.

### **Removal from Program for Disciplinary Reasons:**

Students can be dismissed from programs for violating policies, rules or regulations, for engaging in disruptive behavior, for academic infractions or failure, and for conduct that could bring the program into disrepute. In such cases, students will be discharged without a refund. The Executive Director of CGSE will make the judgment in consultation with the Resident Director and/or On-Campus Coordinator.

## **Extension of Stay and Early Withdrawal: Process and Penalties**

### **Student Status and Changes of Status:**

All students approved to participate in an academic year/semester program off campus continue enrollment as Dickinson students with “off-campus” status, and are expected to keep their commitment to participate in an academic year/semester program for the full term, and to return to campus following their semester or academic year away. To extend a stay or to return early requires changing status, a process initiated by the Center for Global Study and Engagement.

### **Extending for a second<sup>1</sup> semester:**

- You should first consult with the Dickinson Resident Director.
- If the Resident Director indicates that an extension is possible, you should discuss your plans with your major advisor(s). You will need to consider how an extension will affect the completion of your major and other graduation requirements. Your advisor(s) must indicate approval by e-mailing the Director of Study Abroad.
- If your advisor(s) approve(s) of your change in plans, you should then e-mail Brian Brubaker, the Interim Director of Study Abroad, at [brubakeb@dickinson.edu](mailto:brubakeb@dickinson.edu). The Director of Study Abroad will give official approval to extend for another semester, and the Center for Global Study and Engagement will notify other campus offices of your change in status.

### **Early return or withdrawal:**

- A compelling medical or academic reason is required for leaving a program early. You should consult first with the Dickinson Resident Director, and then with the Center for Global Study and Engagement. The Center for Global Study and Engagement will notify your class dean about your change in status.
- Whenever possible, students should complete the semester that has already begun. Students risk not receiving credit if they withdraw from a program mid-semester or before completing scheduled instruction and examinations.

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<sup>1</sup> Students who are interested in studying abroad for longer than an academic year plus a short-term program must petition for special approval to do so. For information about the petition process, please see “Non-traditional Off-Campus Study” on page 9.



- Financial consequences for early withdrawal are described in the following section, “Refund Policy and Financial Consequences for Early Withdrawal,” and in Appendix VII, “Refund Policy for Off-campus Programs.”
- When you are certain of your decision, communicate your reasoning in writing to the Center for Global Study and Engagement at [global@dickinson.edu](mailto:global@dickinson.edu). Please also request that your Resident Director e-mail the Center for Global Study and Engagement to confirm the last date you attended class.
- The Center for Global Study and Engagement will then officially notify the campus of your change in status. If you are asked to follow-up directly with certain offices, please do so.
- If your withdrawal occurs prior to the end of the first week of classes at Dickinson, you may be granted permission to return to campus. If so, you can contact Campus Life to arrange for housing on a last-in-line basis.
- Students returning early from studying abroad will register during the add/drop period of the following semester.

### **Refund Policy and Financial Consequences for Early Withdrawal:**

Early withdrawal from a program will have financial consequences. Both the \$35 application fee and \$300 confirmation payment are non-refundable. Before making a final decision to withdraw, you should read the Refund Policy for Off-campus Programs, which is reproduced as Appendix VII of this handbook. **These policies apply in all cases of early withdrawal from study abroad programs, regardless of the reason for withdrawal.**

Students receiving Title IV federal financial aid will have funds returned to federal aid programs according to the policies outlined in the Dickinson College Bulletin. It is important to understand that, since the financial aid refund and the refund to the student’s account are calculated using different methods, the refund to the student account may not fully cover the required refund to the financial aid programs, and the student may end up owing funds to the college after the refund to the financial aid programs has been made.

### **Non-traditional Off-Campus Study:**

Off-campus study in the senior year that precludes meeting the senior residency requirement requires special approval from the Academic Program and Standards Committee.

Special approval is also necessary for participation in more than two semesters of study off campus. Petitions should be addressed to Brian Brubaker, Interim Executive Director, CGSE and should include the following:

- An essay describing how your specific study abroad plans fit in with your overall academic goals and plans
- Letters of support from your academic advisor(s), department chair(s), on-campus coordinator and/or Program Director, as applicable
- An audit showing in detail how off-campus courses will fit in with graduation requirements

# Program Fees/Financial Aid Information

## **Program Fees:**

The program fee for the 2013-2014 academic year is \$57,212; for a single semester the fee is \$28,606. Students at Dickinson College will receive invoices from the Student Accounts Office that show credit for the \$300 confirmation fee and any applicable amounts from your financial aid package.

**The program fee includes the following:** tuition and fees, room and board in a Spanish home, a monthly stipend for a bus pass, and scheduled group excursions. **Not included in the above charges are:** travel costs to/from Málaga, required health and accident insurance (purchased in the U.S.), visa expenses, books, clothing, entertainment, vacation travel, meals during vacation periods, and personal expenses, i.e. cell phones.

Arrangements for any type of monthly payment plan options should be made as soon as possible through Tuition Management Systems (1-800-722-4867, x 775, or [www.afford.com](http://www.afford.com)). If the balance due on your account is not paid by the deadline noted on the billing, or if special arrangements have not been made with Student Accounts (Tel. 717-245-1953 or email: [stuaccts@dickinson.edu](mailto:stuaccts@dickinson.edu)), you will not be allowed to participate in the program.

## **Financial Aid Information:**

Dickinson grant money and endowed scholarships are available only to Dickinson College students on Dickinson programs. Students from other colleges and universities should check with their own financial aid office to determine eligibility.

# PROGRAM PREPARATIONS

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## Things to Take Care of at Dickinson

### **Declaring a Major:**

Before you can study abroad you must officially declare a major. The applicable text from the Dickinson College Bulletin reads as follows:

“A student must be accepted for a major field of concentration by the time he or she earns junior standing. A student who does not have a declaration of a major on file in the Registrar’s Office by the end of the semester in which the 16th course (counting towards the degree) is completed may be required to withdraw from the college.”

To declare a major you must complete the necessary paperwork available in the Registrar’s office. The declaration of a major is only official when the completed paperwork has been turned in to the Registrar’s office. A conversation with someone in the major department about your intentions is NOT sufficient. To avoid being dismissed from your study abroad program, be sure to attend to this well before your departure.

Now is also an appropriate time to look over the requirements for your major(s)/minor/general education. Make sure to note courses that you need to take while abroad, especially if you are planning to double major.

### **Student Accounts and Financial Aid Loans:**

Two very important things to check on prior to departure:

- If you are applying for financial aid, make certain you have completed all necessary applications and responded to all requests for information from the Financial Aid office.
- Call the Office of Student Accounts (717-245-1953) to make sure your student account is clear. If you have a hold on your account, you will not be able to study abroad until it is released.

### **Career Center Resources:**

The Career Center offers a variety of resources to help assist you before you go abroad or while you are abroad. Please see the important information below about Career Center resources that you can utilize.

The Career Center is available to assist you in any way possible while you are abroad.

- **Resume/Cover Letter/Personal Statement Reviews:** If you would like to have a resume, cover letter, or personal statement reviewed, just email it to [career@dickinson.edu](mailto:career@dickinson.edu).
- **Phone or Skype Appointments:** If you would like to speak with a counselor – either email or call (717-245-1740) to schedule a phone or Skype appointment. Be sure to schedule the appointment for Eastern Standard Time and please provide a phone number or Skype address where you can be reached.
- **Skype IM:** You can IM the Career Center with quick internship questions that do not need an appointment. IM between 2-4 EST, W-F. Screen name: InternshipIM
- **Career Center Updates:** You will continue to receive emails from the Career Center about upcoming events, programs, deadlines, etc. Pay attention to these emails – there may be opportunities that you can take advantage of.

- **Career Center Website:** Periodically review our website, [www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/](http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/), for resources, and Dickinson Connect (available through the Gateway portal) for job and internship postings, interviews and events, job fairs, on-campus employment, scholarship and fellowship information, and volunteer opportunities.

### ***Graduate & Professional School Advice***

Studying abroad during the junior year and beginning graduate school immediately after graduation from Dickinson can be accomplished - with careful planning. But, before you make the decision to apply, here are some things you should consider:

1. What are your career goals? Do you need an advanced degree to accomplish them? This is important, irrespective of studying abroad.
2. Will you have enough time to prepare for the entrance exams you need to take? Are you willing to spend time doing that while abroad?
3. Some students find that trying to prepare for graduate or professional school while abroad is a difficult challenge. For those students, delaying graduate school might be a good idea. Graduate school will always be available, but this might be your only chance to study abroad, so make the most of it.

The typical timeline for applying to graduate/professional school is available at [www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Grad-School-Timeline/](http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Grad-School-Timeline/).

Review the timeline to see what you can do before, during and after your abroad experience. If you are studying abroad for the fall semester only, you should be able to follow this timeline easily. In either case – one or two semesters abroad - you should plan to meet with the Graduate and Professional Studies advisor in the Career Center during the spring semester of your sophomore year to make sure you are on track.

If you are applying to medical, dental or veterinary school – or any of the allied health professions – be aware that your deadlines will likely be earlier, so plan to adjust your own timeline. For more information on applying to these professional degree programs, go to [www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Pre-Health-Program/](http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Pre-Health-Program/). For individual questions related to health related applications during your year abroad, please consult the Career Center Pre-Health Advisor by emailing [swarnerd@dickinson.edu](mailto:swarnerd@dickinson.edu).

Taking entrance exams - the GRE, MCAT, LSAT, GMAT, PCAT, DAT, etc. – before you return to campus for your senior year is always a good idea. The GRE Subject Test is paper-based and only available in October, November and April. It is administered on the Dickinson campus. However, do not take any exam before you have thoroughly prepared for it. Schools will have access to all of your scores, not just your highest ones! For more information on the entrance exams, go to [www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Graduate-and-Professional-School-Exams/](http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Graduate-and-Professional-School-Exams/).

For more information on applying to graduate or professional school, go to [www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Students/](http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Students/).

### ***Internship Advice***

If you plan to undertake an internship upon your return, you can search and apply to opportunities while you are abroad. You can search online by going to Dickinson Connect through the Gateway

portal. Login instructions are on the left hand side of the page. Additional resources and information about the internship program can be found on [www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Students/](http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Students/). You will find registration options and deadlines on this page. If you have questions about the internship program, please email [career@dickinson.edu](mailto:career@dickinson.edu).

### ***IM about Internships***

Now you'll be able to IM the Career Center with quick questions about internships. IM via Skype between 2-4 pm Wednesdays – Fridays EST and Amity Fox, the internship coordinator, will get back to you. **Screen name:** InternshipIM You can also schedule Skype appointments if you'd like to have a face-to-face meeting. Just IM Amity or e-mail at [foxa@dickinson.edu](mailto:foxa@dickinson.edu) to schedule an appointment.

### ***Job Search Advice***

You can start your job search while you are abroad! The Career Center has many resources available online to assist you, and networking – the number one job search method – can be very effective electronically. One of the first steps in job searching is researching organizations to which you will want to apply, and learning their application processes. Some application deadlines will approach as early as the fall semester senior year; it is important to conduct research prior to returning to campus in the fall. A key resource to utilize in your research is Vault, available through the Student Resources tab in Gateway. Check out many other job search resources at [www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Career-Research/](http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/career-center/content/student/Career-Research/).

### ***Networking Advice***

Networking is one of the most effective methods of job searching! Take the opportunity to meet and talk with as many people as possible who are working in your desired industry. Additionally, individuals who work in industries that are not of interest to you can also be of assistance in putting you in touch with people who can help. The primary networking tool available through the Career Center is Dickinson Works. This is a database of alumni who have agreed to provide career-related information or assistance to other Dickinsonians. Please note – this is NOT a job searching database, although networking can sometimes turn into a job lead, the primary purpose is to assist you in connecting with alumni in your desired career field and learning from them. More information on how to use Dickinson Works can be found on the main page of the Gateway portal.

Time spent abroad could be viewed as a networking opportunity. If you plan to network during your time abroad, you might want to consider having business cards made before leaving the U.S.

### ***On-Campus Student Employment When You Return***

Departments and offices on-campus are continually seeking student employees and are often looking to fill positions a semester ahead of time. Make sure you check the on-campus student employment section of DickinsonConnect the semester before your return.

### ***Using DickinsonConnect***

**DickinsonConnect is the online recruiting system that will help you to:**


- Apply and sign up for on-campus interviews
- Apply to resume referrals
- Search for jobs (full-time, part-time or summer opportunities)
- Conduct an employer search

- Search for internships
- Search on-campus student employment
- Search for graduate scholarships and fellowships
- View and sign up for events/programs
- Upload resumes and cover letters easily from a Microsoft Word file for employers to review
- Manage and edit your job/internship preferences (job type, level or location).

DickinsonConnect is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Students must complete a user profile in DickinsonConnect before being able to utilize the system.

Getting started with DickinsonConnect is quick and easy. To begin, follow these basic steps:

1. **To access your account, current students should do so through Gateway**
  - Log into your Gateway account.
  - Click on the "Student Resources" tab.
  - Click on the "DickinsonConnect" **link**
2. All students are pre-registered to use the DickinsonConnect system. But if you are having problems, please contact the Career Center office at [recruit@dickinson.edu](mailto:recruit@dickinson.edu).
3. After you have successfully logged in for the first time, your student profile will appear and must be completed before you will have full access to the system. **Note:** There are several tabs that required fields (indicated by \*) must be completed – make sure to fill in all required fields.
4. After your profile has been completed, you will see the Student Home Page. Here, you will be able to view Announcements, Upcoming Events and additional resource links.
5. The links on the left side and top of the page will allow you to navigate and to utilize the DickinsonConnect system.

For assistance on using the system, click on the  *Resource Library* link on the left side of page and click on the + sign beside the Using DickinsonConnect folder to view the folder contents. There are several files listed to help with most questions you may have. If you would have questions not covered in any of the files, please feel free to contact the Career Center at [recruit@dickinson.edu](mailto:recruit@dickinson.edu)

## Legal Matters

### Limited Power of Attorney:

In case your signature is needed for any reason during your absence, such as for a Stafford loan check, you should consider making arrangements for "limited power of attorney" to be held by an appropriate person stateside to act on your behalf. This is usually a parent or guardian, but can be another relative or close friend. It must be someone you trust to act responsibly on your behalf in legal and financial matters. You may use a standard "Limited Power of Attorney Form" (A240), available from the Office of Student Accounts or at the Center for Global Study and Engagement in the Stern Center. Examples of the kinds of things you might want to authorize the person(s) to do would be: acting on your behalf in federal loan matters or withdrawing or transferring money from a specific bank account. You should have the statement(s) notarized and request a couple of originals in case the bank or other entity requires an original.

### **Income Tax Declaration:**

If you have taxable income for the year ending 31 December, you will have to file a tax return for that year. Options are:

- to have the forms sent to you so that you can meet the 15 April deadline
- to file on-line
- to file for an extension of the deadline

### **Absentee Voting:**

If you want to vote by Absentee Ballot, you need to register to vote before leaving. Check with the Board of Elections or the Secretary of State in your home state about the procedures for voting by Absentee Ballot. It is important to get this information before going overseas since there are usually several steps involved with specific due dates for the Absentee Ballot. Remember to make a note of your Party, Ward, District, and Voter Registration Number.

The Federal Voting Assistance Program offers extensive information about registering to vote by absentee ballot online at <http://www.fvap.gov/>.

## **Insurance Information**

### **Health Insurance:**

**You are required to purchase primary health insurance in the United States** that is valid overseas to protect against the costs of hospitalization and medical care in the event of sickness or an accident while abroad. **This cost is not included in the program fee.**

The program fee covers the cost of Spanish student health insurance, which gives limited medical coverage. **However, this is not a substitute for the required health and accident insurance purchased in the United States.** Please note that you cannot use this insurance outside of Spain.

The following section includes a list of things to consider with regards to your current health insurance coverage.

- ☐ Selecting and paying for adequate primary health insurance coverage is your responsibility. You should read your insurance policy to determine what is and is not covered. Pre-existing conditions, sports injuries, and dental care, for example, may not be covered by basic medical insurance. It is your responsibility to determine whether your policy meets your particular needs.
- ☐ Before deciding to use your health insurance policy, you should contact the provider to determine whether the policy will cover you **overseas** for the **duration of your stay**.
- ☐ You may want to consider the **Dickinson Student Health Insurance policy, which covers students while overseas\***. While it satisfies the minimum requirement for primary health and accident insurance while overseas, you are advised to examine the policy to see if the coverage meets your particular needs. You can find more information about this insurance in Appendix IV and at <http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/health->



[center/content/Insurance/](#) Please contact the Office of Student Accounts for further information about the Dickinson health insurance plan. (\*This is for Dickinson students only).

- ☐ On the **Student Agreement form** that you signed when you applied, you provided the **insurance company name and policy number** for your medical coverage. **If that information should change, please notify the Center for Global Study and Engagement immediately.** Up-to-date, accurate insurance information is needed in case of emergency and is also mandatory if your program requires a letter issued by the Center for Global Study and Engagement in support of your student visa.
- ☐ Make note of your insurance company contact information and policy number in your own essential records, which you take with you overseas. Also leave the information with someone at home.
- ☐ If you have **special health needs**, discuss them with the Resident Director and/or the Center for Global Study and Engagement before departure. Thinking ahead about how you will cope with special health needs is essential. Do not assume that the same services or medications you use at home will be available in the host country.
- ☐ As a rule, an insurance card will not be accepted for payment of medical expenses overseas. Be prepared to **pay cash for treatment and keep receipts** to present to your insurance company for reimbursement. Before going overseas, contact your insurance company to know exactly what you will need to send them in order to be reimbursed. Verify if the documents provided by doctors and pharmacies from another country will have to be translated into English.
- ☐ In some countries with socialized medicine, country-specific student health insurance coverage is required and is included in the program fee. While this usually covers most routine care, it is NOT a substitute for the required primary health and accident insurance purchased in the U.S. Canceling your policy while abroad puts you at serious health and financial risk, in the case that you become ill or need medical attention while abroad and have no health insurance coverage. Please note that you cannot use socialized health care outside of the country in which it is from.

To evaluate personal sickness and accident insurance coverage, we offer the following questions:

- Does the plan include hospitalization for accidents and illnesses while abroad?
- What is the maximum amount of coverage provided?
- Are there deductibles? If so, what are they?
- Will the plan include emergency room expenses?
- What is explicitly not covered?
- Does the plan cover visits to the doctor or medication prescribed while abroad?
- What is the procedure for filing a claim, and how long does it take to be reimbursed?
- When does the plan begin and end?
- Does the plan have continuous coverage before, during, and after you go abroad?
- Is there a publication explaining the coverage in detail?
- Is there coverage for medical evacuation or for repatriation of remains?



### **Supplemental Travel Assistance and Medical Evacuation Insurance:**

Dickinson College provides "Supplemental Travel Accident and Medical Evacuation Insurance" for all students participating in a program overseas. **However, this is NOT a substitute for your primary health insurance coverage.** Please see Appendix IV at the back of the handbook for an overview of coverage and limitations.

### **Liability Insurance for Belongings:**

Students are not covered by Dickinson for personal liability, including the loss or theft of personal property. It is the responsibility of each program participant to purchase liability insurance, if needed. Students who bring laptops are advised to purchase adequate coverage. Check first to see whether the homeowner's insurance of your parents/guardian will cover personal liability while overseas. Normally, a copy of the police report filed at the time of loss or theft will be required by the insurer before any claim will be considered.

## **Health Matters**

### **Medical Check-ups:**

Before leaving the United States, you should visit your physician, gynecologist, eye care specialist, and dentist. Make sure you are in good health before going abroad so that you can avoid any potential problems.

### **Immunizations/Inoculations:**

Even though Spain does not require any specific immunizations, please consult with the Dickinson College Health Center or your personal physician to make sure that all of your routine inoculations are up-to-date. These include measles, mumps, rubella (MMR) and diphtheria, pertussis, and tetanus (DPT). It is strongly recommended that you also consult with your personal doctor and/or the College Health Center with regards to other inoculations (e.g., Hepatitis A and Hepatitis B) or medicines that are advisable for the country you are visiting. For more up-to-date country-specific information about immunizations and other health precautions, consult the Center for Disease Control (CDC) website at [www.cdc.gov/travel/](http://www.cdc.gov/travel/).

Please also see the Health Issues while Traveling handout in Appendix V.

### **Medications:**

Prescription/non-prescription medication(s) should be in the original container from the pharmacy and labeled with your physician's name, your name, and the medication name and dosage. **Do not transfer any medication into an unmarked container.** You should also carry a written letter or prescription from your physician verifying that this medication was prescribed by a licensed practitioner and is necessary for medical reasons. If you are on prescription medications or prefer particular over the counter medications, such as a specific painkiller brand, you should take enough with you to last the duration of your stay. It is neither advisable nor legal in some circumstances to ship medications by mail. It is your responsibility to make sure that your medications are legal in

your host country. You can find this out by consulting the consulate website of the country you will be visiting. You may also want to take along some cold/flu medication, anti-diarrhea, and anti-fungal medicine. Women prone to gynecological infections should take a supply of medication. Be aware of recent changes in airport security regulations limiting the type of liquids or gels that can be transported in carry-on luggage.

The Center for Disease Control recommends that students with diabetes or health situations that require routine or frequent injections should carry a supply of syringes sufficient to last their stay abroad. If you carry narcotics or syringes, you should also bring a copy of the prescription and a statement from the prescribing physician.

### **Mental Health, Stability, and Stress:**

For students under the care of a counselor or psychiatrist, please be sure that you see him/her before you depart from the US. Participating in a study abroad program in another country will not lessen any emotional issues that you may presently be experiencing. When you are abroad, you will probably experience various states of excitement and frustration as a result of the opportunities and differences presented by the new culture. These alternating emotions are usually related to the natural phenomenon of culture shock, which occurs when people adapt to a new culture and surroundings. As you become accustomed to your new surroundings and establish a routine, these feelings will begin to subside. If homesickness, depression, or eating disorders persist, consider seeking out professional assistance.

### **Special Accommodations:**

The accommodations available to students with disabilities in the United States may not be available to students studying abroad. It is unlikely that you will find the same medications, medical and/or psychological care, or support services at your study abroad site that you would at home. For you to fully assess whether you will be able to successfully complete a study abroad program, we encourage any student with special needs to review the program descriptions and to visit websites about the community in which you will be living and learning. If you wish for assistance from Dickinson College in helping you to assess your ability to succeed in studying in a particular program or in identifying programs where more support may be available, you are encouraged to disclose your situation on the medical forms you completed during the application process or to come talk to the Center for Global Study and Engagement. Such disclosure is completely voluntary. If you travel to an abroad site, you will be expected to fully participate in the program. Therefore, you need to inform yourself about the demands of the program in order to plan ahead and to prepare to cope with your health needs in a new environment.

### **Health and Safety in Flight:**

For safety and comfort, wear loose-fitting, natural-fiber clothing during your flight. Do not wear snug-fitting or heeled footwear! If possible, avoid wearing contact lenses. Low humidity in flight tends to remove the moisture from the eye's surface. It is helpful to do seat exercises or to walk in the aisles in order to maintain good circulation. One easy exercise you can do is to tap your toes while keeping your heels on the floor. This pushes blood up your legs and reduces swelling. Tap for several minutes every hour or so.

It is always advisable to sleep during long flights. You should avoid alcoholic beverages in flight because they cause dehydration. Recycled air also has a drying effect, so you should stay hydrated with non-alcoholic beverages. If you require a special diet, be sure to notify the airline at least 72 hours before departure.

The most common difficulty or problem that can result from flying is known as jet lag, which is the sudden sense of fatigue or wakefulness at the “wrong” time. Jet lag is more pronounced flying east than flying west. Veteran international flyers recommend going to bed and getting up at the customary local time from the beginning. This helps the body adjust quickly. Avoid naps until fully adjusted to the new time zone; the body confuses naps with night sleep.

### **Health Tips:**

By using common sense and taking everyday precautions, you can safeguard your health. Here are some tips:

- Inform yourself about the particular health risks of the country you will be visiting and be meticulous in observing recommended precautions.
- Students with existing medical conditions should consult their personal physicians regarding special precautions they may need to take. It is important to tell your physician the location(s) you will be visiting.
- If you wear glasses or contact lenses, take along an extra pair(s), plus a copy of your lens prescription. Pack enough lens cleaning solution for the entire trip, as lens solutions can be quite expensive.
- Always carry a wallet card or wear a necklace or bracelet stating any special conditions you have (such as diabetes, asthma, etc.). Be sure to list allergies to specific medications.
- If you are sexually active, use a condom. You may have trouble finding reliable brands of condoms abroad; consider taking a supply.
- Take care of yourself while traveling: try not to wear yourself down, avoid excessive exposure to the sun, drink plenty of liquids to stay hydrated, and try to get enough sleep.

# TRAVEL PREPARATIONS

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The responsibility for ensuring that you have a valid passport and visa in time for your program is ultimately yours.

## Passport and Visa Information

### Passport Information:

A valid passport **that does not expire for 6 months beyond the end date of the program** is required to enter any country. If your passport expires before the required validity, you will have to acquire a new passport before departure and/or before applying for a visa. **If you have not applied for your passport, you must do so immediately.** For more information and the passport application, contact the Prothonotary's Office at the Cumberland County Courthouse at 717-240-6195.

If your program requires a visa, before sending your passport through the mail to apply for a visa, sign in the signature line provided with an ink pen, and also write in pencil your current address and daytime telephone number in the blank space provided opposite your photo page. This will help the U.S. Postal Service return it to you, if it should become separated from the envelope during processing. Be sure to use some traceable form of mail.

### Applying for a Visa

A visa is a stamped endorsement placed in your passport by the embassy or consulate of a foreign government that allows you to enter that country for a specific period of time. **All program participants must obtain a student visa to study in Málaga. Please see the Center's website for the Málaga visa guidelines.** Please refer to this when applying for your visa. However, please note the following:

The information in the visa guidelines is current to date and is to be used as a general guideline only. Each consulate has specific rules that must be followed and with which you must comply. Before submitting your visa application, you will need to check and recheck the consulate website to be sure that nothing has changed. Please note that the responsibility for submitting all documents required by you or your parents for your student visa ultimately rests in your hands. If necessary, the Center for Global Study and Engagement will supply the supporting documents required from the College or your host institution.

If you have been accepted to participate in the fall semester program, but have even the slightest consideration to stay for the academic year program, please apply for the long-stay visa. Students who decide to lengthen their stay in Málaga to the whole year will be required to return between semesters and apply for a student visa. Please note that you may not be able to apply for and receive a student visa in the break period between the fall and spring semesters.

### Visa for Studying on another Program:

In many cases, students studying in another foreign country during the 2<sup>nd</sup> semester will have to obtain their entry documents in the U.S. if they are U.S. citizens. Students in this situation may have to return to the U.S. in order to obtain a visa from the foreign country's embassy or consulate in the U.S. You need to consider in advance and plan ahead the timeframe in which you will need between programs to complete this process.

## Information for International Students

**If you are not a U.S. citizen**, it is your responsibility to research your status, and whether or not you need to obtain a visa, obtain any special entry papers, or other documentation that may be required for entry. Contact the host country embassy in your country of citizenship for assistance. Depending on the country's requirements, you may have to apply in person at that Embassy/Consulate.

### **SEVIS Information for International Students at Dickinson:**

Since you will still be a Dickinson Student while abroad, you are required to pursue a course of study that is considered a full course load at your abroad institution in order to maintain your F-1 status. You will be registered in SEVIS each semester, just as you are while on-campus at Dickinson.

Also, please remember to have your I-20 endorsed for travel prior to your departure from campus this semester.

## Packing and Travel Information

### **Packing Tips:**

When planning what to take with you, the first rule is to take the **minimum amount of clothes possible**. You will accumulate things while abroad, and there may not be a lot of storage space in your room for your clothing. When in doubt – leave it at home! Be practical and focus on the essentials of a wardrobe. In general, Spaniards dress well (especially in the evening), even for casual occasions. Choose clothes that can be mixed and matched and layered to serve different seasons and temperatures. It is cold in the winter and hot in the summer in Spain. Houses are not as warmly heated in cold weather as in the U.S. and you will be glad you brought warm clothing to layer. Dark, conservative colors can be worn longer without laundering and will help to make you appear less conspicuously American.

Travel with no more baggage than you can carry! Keep in mind that airlines have cut back on the number of checked baggage allowed and the weight limit. Check with your airline to confirm luggage allowances in order to avoid extra charges. See more details below on TSA and airline requirements.

### **Here are some wardrobe suggestions:**

- a sturdy, comfortable pair of walking shoes that are **BROKEN IN** (you will do a great deal of walking); also a nice pair of shoes; hiking boots optional
- 1-3 nice outfits for all seasons (ties for men)
- 6-8 mix-and-match outfits (slacks, jeans, corduroys; long- and short-sleeved shirts/tops; sweaters); blue jeans are fairly common in Spain, though can be expensive to buy
- 15-18 pairs of underwear and socks/stockings (also available, but more expensive)
- 6-8 coordinating sweaters
- shorts (Bermuda-length is preferable; Spaniards rarely wear shorts)

- a light jacket for fall and spring; a warm jacket or coat for winter with gloves and scarf (ski/down jacket is useful, particularly if you plan to travel outside of Málaga)
- 2 pairs of sweats for warm sleep wear and studying, full-length bathrobe and slippers/house shoes (it can get quite chilly in the evenings; central heating and indoor carpeting is uncommon)
- a sturdy travel umbrella
- 2 towels, washcloths
- swim suit(s), flip flops or sandals, and a beach towel (Note: Spaniards only wear flip-flops to the beach, not to walk around and they are quite unacceptable to attend classes)

### **More Useful Suggestions:**

- if you already have one, a laptop with wireless capabilities. Most recent laptops come with converters built in the AC adaptor, but make sure you check this. If you do not have the proper converter (i.e. one that can convert 220 volt current), then you will ruin your hard drive.
- converter/adaptor plugs that can be used for electric shavers, etc. European wall outlets provide 220 volts, which will ruin your U.S. appliances if you do not use the appropriate converter. (Tip for women: buy hairdryers there!)
- Space/Vacuum bags (can be found at Walmart or Target and condense the amount of space clothing uses in your luggage)
- luggage ID tags both inside and outside of your luggage
- international phone numbers for computer and credit cards
- a day bag or book bag for traveling (and sleeping bag for hostels)
- a travel alarm clock with extra batteries
- a portable music device
- playing cards
- Swiss army knife with corkscrew, bottle opener, and scissors (packed in your checked luggage, not your carry-on)
- a money belt or neck pouch to secure valuables
- travel sewing kit with safety pins
- a small supply of toiletries
- a small first aid kit
- all medications (both non-prescription and prescription) need to be in their original, labeled containers. Take copies of all prescriptions with you.
- a camera
- sports clothing/equipment (if you plan to play sports)
- sunglasses & sunscreen
- notebooks, index cards, specific school supplies
- Spanish-English dictionary
- favorite photos of family and friends are nice to have for decorating your room or showing to friends
- a few token gifts, something typically American or representative of the area in which you live in the U.S., or from Dickinson College. This is especially a good gift if you are living with a host family.

For the first few days, pack basic toiletries, toothbrush and toothpaste, and a washcloth in case you are not able to get to a store right away. Most toiletries are available in Málaga, although brands are frequently different. **If you have a particular type of toiletry that you like to use, you may want to bring it with you.**

**Packing tips from the Transportation Security Administration (TSA):**

- Do not pack oversized electronics (laptops, full-size video game consoles, DVD players and video cameras that use cassettes) in your checked baggage when possible. However, please be advised that you will be required to remove these items from your carry-on bag and submit them separately for x-ray screening. Small electronics, such as iPods, can remain in your carry-on.
- Prepare your 1 quart-sized, clear, plastic, zip-top bag of liquids before arriving at the airport, following the 3-1-1 guideline (place liquids into 3.4 ounce bottle or less (by volume); all bottles should be carried in one 1 quart-sized, clear, plastic, zip-top bag)
- Pack all your coats and jackets in your checked baggage when possible. All coats and jackets must go through the X-ray machine for inspection.
- Do not wrap gifts. If a security officer needs to inspect a package, they may have to unwrap your gift. Please wait until you've reached your final destination to wrap gifts.
- Undeveloped film should go in your carry-on bag. You will be able to declare film that is faster than 800-speed to a transportation security officer for physical inspection to avoid being X-rayed.
- You are required to remove footwear for X-ray screening so wear shoes that are easy to take off and put back on.
- Double check the contents of your pockets, bags, and carry-on luggage to ensure no prohibited items were inadvertently packed.
- When in doubt, leave it out. If you're not sure about whether you can bring an item through the checkpoint, put it in your checked bag or leave it at home.

For more information, visit [www.tsa.gov](http://www.tsa.gov).

**Carry-on and Checked Luggage:**

**BAGGAGE REGULATIONS:** Call the airline directly or go online to inquire about baggage regulations. A backpack with a frame must be checked as one of these allowed pieces. (It should be noted that backpack have been found useful by past participants due to the amount of traveling you will be doing). Attach a label on the outside of your luggage and place a name and address label inside.

In most cases, you are allowed one piece of carry-on luggage not to exceed 45 total inches, which must fit under the seat in front of you or in an overhead bin. Make sure your luggage follows TSA regulations. Weigh your luggage before you arrive at the airport to ensure that it is not overweight. Remember that bags should be small enough to go up narrow stairways, go down crowded train aisles, and fit on luggage racks. A coat and a handbag, briefcase, or laptop may also be carried on. Also, in case your luggage is delayed for a few days, be sure to pack a change of clothes and any medicine or toiletries you would need in your carry-on bag.

**SHIPPING LUGGAGE:** Postal customs are different in Spain, and many things require tax due to government taxation. If you mail winter clothes to yourself, indicate on the package that the contents are **USED CLOTHING FOR PERSONAL USE ONLY** to avoid customs duty. You should inquire about U.S. Postal Service airmail or book rates and compare with other international

services such as Fed Ex or DHL. It is not advisable to ship large suitcases or trunks. Address packages to yourself at your home stay address, which will be available before you depart. Please note that insuring the contents may mean paying duty for the value stated.

**LAPTOP:** If you bring a laptop, it will be considered one of your carry-on items. You should purchase insurance to cover it in case it is stolen or damaged.

**VALUABLES:** Carry extra cash and travelers checks in a money belt or neck pouch. Do not carry all your cash in one place. Never pack money, valuables, or important documents in your checked luggage!

**LOST LUGGAGE:** Make a list of everything you pack, then bring a copy of the list with you and leave a copy at home. This will be helpful if your luggage is lost and you need to identify the items and cost of your luggage. If your luggage is lost or mishandled, you must file a claim with airline personnel immediately. Do not leave the airport thinking it will be easier to do so at a later time. It won't be.

Airlines don't refund lost baggage unless there are original receipts, so keep the things you care about with you at all times during travel.

### **Travel Documents:**

Before departure you should make copies of all of your important documents. Leave one set of copies with your family and take one with you to keep in a safe place separate from your original documents.

- The information page of your passport
- Any entrance visas (if applicable)
- Insurance policies and contact information
- Your airline ticket
- Front and back of credit cards and phone numbers for credit card replacement (you cannot dial an 800-number from overseas so you will need a direct number).
- Travelers check numbers
- Contents of your wallet
- Prescription medications
- Rail passes

## **Flight and Arrival Information**

### **Travel Arrangements:**

A group flight for the fall Semester and all year students will depart August 12, 2013 from an east coast airport and will arrive in Málaga on August 13, 2013. You will work directly with Advantage Travel to book and pay for your flight.

If you have travel-related questions or requests, you should contact Advantage Travel directly. (For complete contact information, see page 4.)

If you do not take the group flights, then you **MUST be at the Málaga International Airport on**



**August 13 between 1 to 4pm.** During this period, the Resident Director and/or other program representatives will meet students at the airport. Students will then be directed to their host families.

When you have booked your flight, please send a copy to Professor Sagastume ([sagastuj@dickinson.edu](mailto:sagastuj@dickinson.edu)) and complete the flight itinerary questionnaire found on the online application system at <http://dickinson.studioabroad.com>.

You will need to be at the airport at least 3-4 hours before departure. Be sure to leave yourself plenty of time because of delays created by increased security measures. You will need your passport to check in and again when you land in Málaga, so have it available.

**In case you miss your connection or your flight is delayed, make a note of the Resident Director's contact information** and carry it in your wallet so that you can get in touch with him or her.

**Arrival in Málaga/Clearing Immigration and Customs:**

You should check your luggage through to Málaga. Your luggage will come out in a special section of the luggage area reserved for flights originating outside of the European Union space (regardless of whether or not you had a connecting flight at another European airport prior to arriving in Málaga). This area is usually marked "Aduana / Customs." Remember this and disregard the carousel number assigned to your particular flight. After retrieving your luggage, you will be met by the Resident Director and colleagues from the University of Málaga, and then directed to your homestay family. The Resident Director will give you an envelope at the airport, which will include your orientation schedule, some cash to help you with transportation from the airport to your host family, a map and a bus pass.

**Customs' Certificate of Registration:**

Foreign-made items worth \$300 or more (e.g., camera and accessories, jewelry, etc.), for which you have no proof-of-purchase receipt, can be registered with the U.S. Customs Office at the airport before leaving the country in order to avoid duty on re-entry.

**Registering with the Authorities:**

You must register with the U.S. Embassy upon arrival, and will receive more information and instructions during the orientation period. Registration makes it possible for the Embassy to assist in replacing a lost or stolen passport, to pass along an emergency message, e-mail travel and security updates and to locate you in an emergency.

You should also register at the U.S. Consular Agency:

Roberta Aaron, Consular Agent  
Avenida Juan Gomez Juanito, 8  
Edificio Lucia 1°C,  
29640, Fuengirola  
Tel: (952) 247-4891

# THE PROGRAM

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## The City of Málaga:

Málaga, an attractive, sun-drenched city of about 600,000 inhabitants, was founded by the Phoenicians in the 10th century B.C. It later formed part of the Roman Empire. Roman ruins, such as the excavated theater, are reminders of the importance of the city at that time. Later, it gained considerable importance under the Moors. After it was re-conquered by the Catholic kings, the city fared poorly until the 18<sup>th</sup> century, when it became an important seaport. During the late 19<sup>th</sup> century, the city flourished from the success of the export of its famed sweet wine, and more recently it has become a tourist destination.

Today the life of the city revolves around its harbor, service industries, and tourism; in fact, Málaga is one of the major international gateways in Spain. Here, along the famed **Costa del Sol**, the Mediterranean is big and blue, and the **Paseo del Parque**, Málaga's wide seaside promenade, is lushly shaded by palms and jacarandas where it is always cool, even in the crushing heat of August. The city is in the midst of a cultural renaissance, and offers a variety of attractions, such as the Picasso Museum, a new Contemporary Art Center, and film and theater festivals. Two new art museums are currently under construction, a testimony to Málaga's new vibrant cultural scene.

## The University of Málaga:

You will be taking classes at the Universidad de Málaga (UMA). Founded in 1972, the UMA is one Spain's newest universities. It is comprised of eight schools located in different sections of the city and enrolls more than 40,000 students. Students will have access to University computer labs. Students in the past have found that bringing their laptops is helpful. Students will also have wifi access throughout the Main Campus and all other Campuses.

## ACADEMIC INFORMATION

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### Use of the Spanish Language:

The Málaga program is designed so that students can reach the highest level of linguistic and cultural understanding of Spain and the people with whom they interact. In order to accomplish these goals you are required to speak Spanish at all times, even among yourselves. This may not be easy at first, but you will receive steady assistance and will discover that the effort is worth it.

Shortly after arrival in Málaga you will be asked to sign the program's language agreement. Signing the agreement is required for participation in the program. We take this very seriously and expect you to do so as well. As preparation for speaking Spanish only, maintain your linguistic skills before departure by listening to Spanish music, watching Spanish films, reading a Spanish novel, or tuning in to Spanish TV.

### Academic Culture:

In some ways, the academic environment that you will experience while studying at a Spanish university will be similar to that at Dickinson; in other ways, it will be very different. All students will take classes on the campus of the Universidad de Málaga (UMA). **In the fall**, students are required to take two classes with only Dickinson students and two classes that are offered to UMA students; the same applies for the **spring semester**.

The Resident Director will help you acclimate to the academic culture of Málaga. You also have a personal responsibility to create your environment: get out, explore, find opportunities to interact with local people on your own, and speak Spanish! The best thing that you can do is to accept that you will be uncomfortable in many situations, academically, and socially. This is normal—you're in a completely foreign environment. Step out of your comfort zone, and you will be pleased to see how you develop over time.

### Classes:

All students enrolled in the program must take four (4) courses each semester for a total of four (4) Dickinson credits. **Students may not under-enroll under any circumstances.** Students wishing to take more than four courses must receive permission to overload from the Resident Director, their academic advisor(s) at Dickinson, and the Center for Global Study and Engagement. If permission is not given, the course credit will not transfer.

Students will take a language placement test upon their arrival, in August or in January and placed in appropriately Language and Grammar courses. These courses will run for four to five weeks and meet everyday for four hours each day.

All students are required to take Spanish 372, Spanish Society and Culture during their first semester (fall or spring).

One (1) course credit is equivalent to four (4) semester hours:

#### **FALL SEMESTER:**

##### ***Core courses taken by all students:***

Spanish 251: Language Tutorial (pre-semester intensive course)

Spanish 372: Spanish Society and Culture

Two UMA courses in any department\*

***Electives:***

Spanish 305: Introduction to Literary Analysis and Theory (only in the fall semester)

A large variety of courses at the UMA\*

\* The list of courses offered at the UMA in the fall 2013 will not be available until late September. Courses usually offered can be found on the webpages of the various departments of the UMA website: [www.uma.es](http://www.uma.es)

**SPRING SEMESTER courses are to be determined**

**Internships:**

The opportunity for all-year students to work and earn one credit as an intern during the spring semester is considered a privilege. A limited number of formal internships are available as part of the Intercultural Seminar. The Málaga program has long-standing relationships with several organizations where strong, responsible students representing Dickinson have been placed as interns. Highly-qualified all-year students interested in participating in a one-credit internship during the spring semester should discuss their interest with the Resident Director early in the fall semester. Internships will be offered to a limited number of students through the Intercultural Seminar course offered by the Resident Director.

If you are interested in interning in a specific area, take the initiative and research different opportunities early in your time in Málaga. Internships are not a common practice in Spain. However, while many organizations are not familiar with the practice, they may be willing to take on extra help. Do not hesitate to initiate contact with an organization about the prospect of working with them. Many students find (non-credit bearing) extracurricular volunteer opportunities to be equally rewarding experiences.

**Credit Transfer:**

- Each Dickinson course in Málaga earns one course credit (equal to four (4) semester hours). The normal course load for semester students only is 4 credits. The normal course load for all year students is 8 credits.
- Only **liberal arts classes** will qualify for transfer credit.
- Generally speaking, courses must have an equivalent at Dickinson. Exceptions include classes that focus on the culture and/or history of the country in which the student is studying.
- Transfer credit will not be awarded for coursework that duplicates what a student has already completed at Dickinson.
- Courses especially organized for program students receive full credit as Dickinson courses and will be listed on the transcript with course titles and letter grades. The courses will be computed in the cumulative grade point average of Dickinson students.
- To receive transfer credit, University courses must be completed with the equivalent of a "C" (2.00 on a 4.00 scale) or better. These courses will be listed on the transcript with course titles and credit earned. These courses will not be computed in the Dickinson grade point average. Courses taken at the University of Málaga are for general credit.

**For non-Dickinson students:** The Registrar's Office will automatically send an official transcript of work completed with grades and course titles to the home institution once grades have been posted. Transcripts are usually sent to your institution later in the semester following your return. Know your home institution's policy on transferring credits beforehand, as you may have to get pre-approval. Your institution's policy will govern whether the credit will be counted toward the GPA. You should focus on your interests and credit needs before arriving in Málaga. If you plan to take courses in a department other than your major, check the requirements with the respective department at your home institution before departure. However, please note that you may not know what the course descriptions are before the school year begins, so you may have to take care of this once you are abroad.

**PHYSICAL EDUCATION ACTIVITIES:** Students who take formal instruction in physical education or play on an organized university team in Málaga and have written proof of successful completion of the program may receive credit from the physical education department on the Dickinson campus. Official standards regarding credit from the physical education activities abroad are as follows: 1) the activity is currently offered; 2) the student secures the approval of the Dickinson Resident Director; 3) the student participates in an activity for a length of time equivalent to (or greater than) that of a similar activity at Dickinson (as a guideline, 20-22 hours of supervised instruction = 1 block); 4) the student chooses an activity which does not duplicate an physical education course already completed at Dickinson; and 5) the student's participation is documented by the instructor of the class or by the Dickinson Resident Director. Credit for self-paced activities will not be permitted.

Upon return to campus, the student should present to the chair of the Physical Education Department the appropriate documentation of participation. Alternatively, the Dickinson Resident Director may verify to the department chair that the student has participated in a supervised, structured program of physical activity for which credit should be given. In either case, the department chair will notify the Registrar's Office of those persons who are to receive physical education credit.

### ***What to Do BEFORE Going Abroad***

Dickinson College does not formally pre-approve courses for transfer. However, students should discuss their study abroad plans with their academic advisors prior to leaving Carlisle. Students should talk with their advisors about what may or may not fulfill Dickinson transfer credit requirements, specifically which courses taken abroad may fulfill major, minor, or distribution requirements. In some cases, conversations with appropriate department chairs may also be helpful.

Departments on campus may require extra work for some courses, especially for advanced-level credit. It is the student's responsibility to inquire about extra work required. CGSE staff are available to answer general questions about transfer credit policies.

### ***What to Do WHILE Abroad***

Students should maintain e-mail contact with their academic advisors while abroad, especially during the first weeks of the semester when they are in the process of finalizing course schedules. To document coursework at cooperating institutions, students should keep a portfolio for each course, including a syllabus, reading list, completed projects, written work, examinations, journals, etc.

### ***What to Do AFTER RETURNING to Campus***

Upon return to the Carlisle campus, students must complete the *Enrollment in Another Institution Form*.

Seniors are required to submit this form prior to the course request period for their last semester. If the form is not in the Registrar's Office at that time, the student will not be permitted to participate in the course request period. Please note that this form is required **only** when a student is seeking major, minor, or distribution credit for coursework completed at the University of Málaga (Teatinos). The form is *not* required for Cursos courses, or for courses the University of Málaga for which a student is seeking only general credit. After obtaining the required signatures, the student should bring the form to the Center for Global Study and Engagement for approval. The form will then be forwarded to the Registrar's Office.

### **Books:**

To facilitate language acquisition, take a good Spanish/English dictionary (e.g., Larousse, Oxford, Cassell's, or University of Chicago) and a Spanish grammar book.

### **Doing Research Abroad**

The library facilities at the University of Málaga are very different from what you are used to at Dickinson. There is a central library on the campus, as well as specialized libraries in each of the individual academic buildings. Your Resident Director and your faculty are very helpful resources for learning about other ways to do research. When working on academic projects, remember that there are many organizations in the city that may be able to provide you with useful information. This is a great opportunity to utilize and develop your researching skills – start with the library, but do not forget to look beyond it.

Independent research done abroad can often lead to larger and more profound academic projects including senior theses and prestigious scholarships like those of the Fullbright and Rotary programs. If you would like to conduct independent research while you are abroad, consider applying for a Student International Research Fund (SIRF) grant. Please talk to your Resident Director if you are interested.

### **Accessing College Library Resources from Off-Campus:**

If the libraries at your abroad site do not have the resources you need, or if you have trouble getting the assistance you need for your research projects, please remember that you can access all the resources and services from Dickinson College Library no matter where you are. All you need to do is to go to the Dickinson Global Library page ([http://lis.dickinson.edu/Library/Research/Global\\_Library/LibraryResourcePage.htm](http://lis.dickinson.edu/Library/Research/Global_Library/LibraryResourcePage.htm)).

You can access the page on the library website under “For Students,” or “For Faculty,” or “Doing Research.”

From the Dickinson Global Library page, you will find detailed information on

- How to find journal articles through the online databases
- How to find books and have them sent to you
- Research resources available online such as subject guides and online reference works
- And most important of all, how to get in touch with a Dickinson College librarian via phone, email, and instant messaging and get the assistance you need.

# THE HOST FAMILY

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## **Living Accommodations:**

Students are housed and have all their meals in Spanish residences that are carefully screened by the program. Housing preferences stated in the supplemental information form of your application will be accommodated as well as possible. The individual student's initiative will usually determine the kind and amount of interpersonal contact derived from the living situation. You will receive the address and phone number of your Málaga home before arrival.

In regards to housing, you will have a single room, your laundry done, three meals a day, and your own key. After that, each individual situation will vary. Remember to respect the customs and traditions of your host family and use your best judgment to avoid any unpleasant occurrences.

Finally, you will receive a stipend to buy monthly local bus passes. Please, keep in mind that studying in Spain is different from studying at Dickinson; you will be commuting between two different campuses for your classes. To travel from one campus to another may take up to one hour in the bus. Please, plan ahead so that you won't arrive late for classes.

**Residential Neighborhoods:** Málaga is a city of many residential areas. These neighborhoods all have their own charms and idiosyncrasies. They are settled around the town's center (*el centro*), which is the main business and cultural area of the city. Dickinson students sometimes live in the center and sometimes in one of the surrounding neighborhoods. If you are not in the center, you will have to take a bus to get to the center. Neighborhoods where students are usually placed include *El Palo* and *Pedregalejo*. Both of these neighborhoods are very close to the beach, and both require that you take bus number 11 to get to and from the center. *Pedregalejo* has a number of *chiringuitos*, or bars along the beach. *El Palo* has especially good and inexpensive *tapas* bars.

## **Getting Along with your Host Family:**

Living with a host family overseas can be an intensely rewarding experience, but students need to be prepared for a period of challenging inter-cultural adjustment. Your host family has a different way of life (and a different set of rules) from what you are used to at home or on campus. Naturally, it will take you a while to feel 'at home' in this new environment. In the beginning, you may act like and be treated like a boarder. Whether you remain that way or whether you eventually integrate yourself into the life of the household will depend upon your initiative, adaptability, and acceptance of traditional habits and attitudes toward life in general. As you interact, you will notice differences. Some of these will be easy to accept and adjust to, while others may at first feel uncomfortable. Flexibility and openness to learning the family's ways of doing things will increase your success in learning about your new culture.

Although each host family is different, be aware that host families generally expect to have an adult relationship with the students they house. They will respect your independence while remaining open to exchanging ideas and conversation. Mutual trust and open communication is essential for a successful relationship. There is no infallible recipe for the success of your home stay, but the tips below may help you to adjust more smoothly and quickly.

### **In the beginning...tips for daily life:**

1. Do not hesitate to ask your host family questions or to start conversations with them. Remember, your host family is there to help you. By starting conversations, you are initiating an immediate rapport. Communication is the key to a successful relationship with your host family.
2. The first few weeks are very important in establishing a "base" with your host family. Therefore, try to avoid planning long trips the first few weekends. If you really want to travel right away, day trips are a lot of fun and still leave you free time with your family. The key here is to settle in before you start moving around. Spanish families will greatly appreciate you spending time with them.
3. Although you might feel awkward at first, it is very important to communicate openly with your host family. A problem that seems complicated for you to solve (the heat is not working in your bedroom) may be very easy for your host family to fix (the radiator works differently than what you are used to and your host family can show you how to use it). Your host family would surely prefer that you ask for their help rather than be unhappy in their home!
4. We suggest keeping your schedule as flexible as possible in order to take advantage of family activities. By joining your family when invited, you will get to know each other better while improving your language acquisition at the same time.
5. Be yourself with your family, and be polite. Remember, although you are living with them and would like to be a part of the family, you are still a guest in their home. Do not assume immediately that you are afforded certain privileges just because you live with them. **When you take meals with your family, ask if you can help set the table, clean up, etc. This is very very important.** Be sure to ask to watch TV and to use the family phone. If you do not want your host family to clean your room, tell them that you will clean it yourself and ask them for what you need (vacuum cleaner, dust cloths, etc.). Be sure to leave the bathroom clean after each use.
6. Do your best not to betray your family's trust. Respect their rules, and always ask their permission before inviting anyone into their home. If you feel the rules of the host family are unreasonable, talk to the Resident Director.
7. Be open-minded and flexible; there will be differences, so accept them. Adopt your family's patterns, such as keeping doors closed at all times and being careful not to waste hot water and electricity.

The following categories are frequent causes of friction between students and their host families:

**TELEPHONE:** You should ask permission and determine if there are any rules or restrictions before using the telephone. Generally, telephone use is more expensive overseas than in the U.S., and long, wide-ranging telephone calls are not the custom. Be aware that there is a charge for local calls, not just for long distance. Most families have only one line and no call waiting. Therefore, be considerate, learn the family's expectations, and go by them.



If you receive permission to use the home telephone for incoming calls, you should discuss with your host family when it is appropriate for your family and friends to call. Inform your family and friends of these times as well as the time difference between the U.S. and your location. Friends should be asked not to call during mealtimes. It may be necessary to use an international pay telephone for your long-distance calls.

**ELECTRICITY & WATER:** The cost of electricity overseas is much higher than it is in the U.S. Your hosts will most likely be energy conscious and want to conserve energy because of a general belief in conservation. Be respectful of this in your behavior. Switch off lights and other electrical devices when you leave a room. If you come in late at night, do not leave the lights on in the corridor or hallway. Do not be impatient or annoyed when reminded about leaving lights on or about energy consumption in general. Open your curtains during the day to make use of the sun's rays.

Similarly, you may notice greater concern for water conservation as well, as Málaga is affected by an on-going drought. In most families, you may be allowed to shower (or bathe) every day, but you will soon notice that they may not do so, nor are they in the habit of taking extended showers. You should try to follow the example of those around you and remain flexible and understanding as you adjust. NOTE: Do not let friends shower at your place unless you have been given permission first.

**VISITING HOURS:** Before inviting friends over, always ask permission from your host family and check for their plans and expectations. Consideration for others is always a good rule to follow. During the week, visitors should not remain past the appropriate end of dinner time, unless your host family has given you special permission. The people you are living with may have to get up early and must consider their neighbors living close by or small children in the house or building. You can expect restrictions in the number of visitors you may have at one time. Moreover, you cannot assume you will be permitted to invite friends of the opposite sex for a visit. Be sure to discuss these things with your family first so that you understand what is expected. Do not invite guests to your host family's home without their permission when your host family is absent. Another frequent source of tension is when friends or family members arrive on visits from the U.S. Most host family will not accept these visitors in their (or your) rooms. Please, do not ask for permission to have someone stay overnight, not even a friend or a family member visiting from abroad; you are not at a Dickinson Dorm. Do not make the mistake of regarding your room as a hotel. If you have family or friends visiting you while in Málaga, please, make hotel arrangements for them. Do not ask your host family to host them.

**KITCHEN PRIVILEGES:** Kitchen privileges are usually not included in the home stay agreement, even if you are eating meals with the family. You might want to wait awhile and observe family customs and practices in the kitchen before you ask permission to use it. In any case, you should not expect more than very limited use. If you are granted permission, be appreciative and remember the following useful hints:

- Restrict yourself to light cooking. If allowed to use the oven, make sure you know how it works and how to convert the temperature settings (in necessary).
- Cook at reasonable (what your family considers reasonable, of course) hours and always ask

- permission so that you do not interfere with the normal household cooking.
- All pans and cooking utensils should be washed and put back. Stove, oven, and other areas of the kitchen should be left spotlessly clean.
  - Do not use household cooking supplies (e.g., sugar, butter, oil), unless you have first asked and received permission to do so.
  - Turn off lights and appliances when you are done.

**LAUNDRY:** Again, ask the family about laundry arrangements. Usually, your laundry will be done at your home stay. If you prefer to do your own laundry, host families are usually accommodating if you ask for permission to do so.

**PERSONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE:** As stated on page 17 in the *Liability Insurance for Belongings* section, the program does not cover personal liability. So, when using appliances in your home stay, take care. Accidents happen and you will be held personally responsible for damage whether negligence was a factor or not.

**FINAL REMARKS:** This section reviews only some aspects of life with a host family, so be aware that this new experience will require adjustment in many ways. One could say that adjustment is the primary vehicle of cross-cultural learning. The homestay experience will reward you richly if you remain flexible, keep an open mind, and maintain a sense of humor. Your family will be ready to help you, but both sides must share in making your stay a success, and both must realize that it takes time to establish a routine and achieve integration.

PLEASE LET SOMEONE IN THE PROGRAM KNOW, IF YOU FEEL THE TERMS OF THE ARRANGEMENT ARE NOT BEING FULFILLED. If there are difficulties, the Resident Director will serve as mediator between you and your host family.

# LIFESTYLE ABROAD

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Be sure to check out the Málaga Program webpage:  
[http://wiki.dickinson.edu/index.php?title=Malaga\\_Study\\_Abroad\\_Program](http://wiki.dickinson.edu/index.php?title=Malaga_Study_Abroad_Program)

## **Food and Shopping:**

Mediterranean seafood prevails in Málaga. Some examples are Málaga shrimp, grilled sardines, the fish fry called **pescado frito**, and what might be called the national dish of Spain, **paella**, which varies from region to region. Another dish unique to the area is white gazpacho, **ajo blanco de Málaga**. You will also find an abundant supply of meats and cheeses, some of which you may have never tried before.

For those who like to drink coffee, let it be known that the Spaniards drink their coffee very strong! It can be served as **café solo**, **café con leche**, **café cortado**, **sombra** (more milk than coffee; colloquially called a “nube”), or **café americano**. Try each while sitting at your favorite sidewalk café.

When eating in a restaurant, remember that Spaniards seldom eat lunch before 2 or 3 p.m. and eat dinner late, usually around 9 or 10 at night. Before dining out, many people stop by a **tapas bar** to sample a number of dishes at a reasonable price. It may take a few weeks to adjust to this eating schedule.

Málaga is known for a variety of convent sweets – candies of coconut and quince, cookies, and cupcakes. The availability of these sweets is particularly noticeable during late November and December, as people prepare for the celebration of Christmas. The city is also particularly known for its sweet wine and raisins. Thanks to the climate, the area offers the freshest of fruits (and juices) and vegetables. Many are homegrown and can be purchased at daily open-air markets. These markets often sell other products as well, but you can check out other prices in department stores. When shopping, you will discover that the smaller shops are open from 9:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m., and then again from 5 p.m. to 8 p.m. Supermarkets and department stores usually stay open all day, but not twenty-four hours like in the U.S., and they will be closed on Sundays.

You will find that Spaniards run on a very different eating schedule than U.S. Americans. Your breakfast will be provided in your homestay, although many Malagueños eat their breakfasts in the workplace. Lunch is typically eaten at home. Past Dickinson students have expressed surprise at the size and style of lunch in Málaga – it is the main and largest meal of the day. Dinner is a lighter meal, comparable to lunch in the U.S.

Your homestay family will provide you with three meals a day. If you will be out of the house for lunch because you are traveling on a Dickinson trip or because you have classes, you can ask the host family member who prepares the meals to make a sandwich that you can carry with you. One of the biggest sources of friction with Spanish host families is poor communication on the part of the student regarding meals. If you are not sure if you are going to be present for a meal, make sure to inform your host family! Otherwise they will prepare food for you that will go to waste, not to mention the fact that they will probably wait for you to come home before they start eating. Feel free to keep your own schedule, just be sure to clearly communicate it to your family so as to avoid inconveniencing them.

### **Siesta**

One of the biggest adjustments for a U.S. American in Southern Spain is getting used to the siesta. Shops in Málaga frequently close as early as 1:00 p.m., and then open again from 5 to 8 p.m. Planning your day requires an awareness not only of the lack of commerce during those hours, but also of the additional congestion on the streets in the middle of the day. More and more stores and businesses are choosing to work through the day rather than take the siesta, but many still close. Also, stores are closed all day on Sundays. While many find the slowing of pace frustrating, others find it to be a healthy way of life.

### **Important Areas of Málaga:**

*Calle Larios* is the busiest pedestrian street in Málaga. It has a large variety of stores and restaurants and is a popular tourist attraction.

*Alameda Principal* is the street where most of the busses in Málaga begin and end their routes. It is the end/beginning of bus 11, the bus that runs between Pedregalejo/El Palo and the center of the city, as well as bus 20, the bus that runs to the main campus of the University of Málaga.

*Paseo del Parque* is a long walking park that borders the port and beach in the center of the city. When you are in this area, it is important to be aware of your surroundings and your belongings at all times – it is notorious for the pick-pockets that target the area. The *Plaza del Marino* is at the end of the park and the entrance to the port.

*La Malagueta* is the biggest beach in Málaga, located in the center of the city next to the port.

### **Entertainment and Recreation:**

Málaga is a lively city full of young people and is surrounded by some of Spain's top tourist attractions, so there is a lot to do. The city's vibrant cultural life is that of a large, cosmopolitan city. Málaga is a city of beaches, and most of the host families live within walking distance of a beach. Cinema, theatre, symphony, opera, museums, and art galleries abound. There are hundreds of tapas bars, restaurants, pubs, and discotecas. Malagueños, compared to people in the U.S., go out and stay out much later, especially on weekends.

There are gyms and aerobics clubs in Málaga for those interested. They are, however, private businesses and there is a fee involved, albeit a reasonable one. The university's sports facilities are very limited.

**IMPORTANT ADVICE:** If you are out late at night, take a taxi home. Taxis are fairly inexpensive and can be shared.

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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## **ATMs:**

Automatic teller machines (ATMs) are a convenient way to transfer money and exchange currency. ATMs connected to international networks such as Cirrus and Plus allow you to retrieve cash in the local currency directly from your bank account in the United States. Inquire at your bank to be sure that your ATM card will allow cash withdrawals abroad. ATMs overseas will accept only cards that access checking accounts in your name. Also, you should not rely exclusively on ATMs because you may not be able to find an ATM as easily as you would in the U.S.

## **Credit Cards:**

Many major credit cards (e.g. Visa and MasterCard) are accepted abroad, depending upon the country. A credit card can be very useful for big purchases: restaurants, hotels, shops, and airline tickets, or for an emergency, in which you can track your spending. When you use a credit card it should be in your name and you should verify your credit limit before you depart the US.

## **Check on Fees with Bank and Credit Card Companies:**

Before leaving the U.S., check with your local bank and credit card companies about fees for using your card overseas. Many banks and credit card issuers impose additional charges on foreign transactions; others such as Capitol One (at least at print time) do not. If the fees are hefty, consider withdrawing larger amounts of cash from the ATM and taking only what you need and keeping the rest in a safe place. Only use credit cards with high fees for big purchases or in emergencies.

You should notify your bank and credit card companies that you are going abroad for an extended period of time, and be sure to inform them as to which countries you intend on traveling. Otherwise, when they see charges on your card from a foreign country, they may assume that your card has been stolen and suspend your account. Keep a separate record of your credit card numbers and phone numbers of the companies so you can report theft or loss of your card quickly.

## **Travelers checks:**

It is very difficult to cash travelers checks in Málaga. Therefore, it is advised not to bring them. An alternative for transferring money from the U.S. is through Western Union. There is a Western Union branch downtown in Málaga and Spanish post office usually acts as Western Union agent.

## **Spending Money:**

Students sometimes ask how much "spending money" they should plan to have during their time abroad. This amount depends, of course, on the lifestyle you adopt and how much you plan to travel. In general, you should plan on a **minimum** of € 3,000 for the semester and € 5,000 for the year. Many students do it for less.

## **Work Study:**

There may be a limited number of work-study opportunities in Málaga. If you are eligible for work study, please consult with the Resident Director. College work-study payments are made monthly; those funds will be deposited directly into each student's designated U.S. bank accounts. In order to collect your work study earnings, you must have filed a W-4 form, an I-9 form, and a bank deposit form in the Student Payroll Office before leaving campus.

# COMMUNICATION INFORMATION

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Students sometimes tell family/friends that they will phone home “the minute they arrive.” However, plans often go awry because of plane or train delays, unavailability of an international phone line, etc. To save parents and loved ones worry, we suggest an agreement to call at the earliest convenient time, rather than promising to call at once.

E-mail, cell phones, and Skype allow students to keep in closer touch with family and friends back home than ever before. There is a good side to this, but it is possible to overdo it so that you focus too much on home to the detriment of your abroad experience. Consider writing frequent letters, postcards or a blog instead. These can be reread and kept as a record of your time abroad.

## **Mail:**

All correspondence between you and your family and friends should be sent via airmail in both directions (the envelope must be marked as airmail). It generally takes 7-10 days for letters to or from Spain. Pre-stamped aerograms or airmail stationery are cheaper than regular letters; ask at the post office for details. Mail should be sent to you at your home stay address, not the director's address. The Spanish mail system is notorious for being disorganized – do not be surprised if your mail gets lost or delayed.

## **Telephone:**

You will need to discuss the use of the phone with your host family. In general, you will only be able to receive calls in your homestay, since all outgoing calls have a fee, even local calls. Using readily available phone cards at pay phones is one solution to this.

Another option is having your parents arrange for a low cost international calling service and arrange for a time for your parents to call you. When your parents call you on either your host family phone or your cell phone, it is almost always free – but check before having them call you. Please remember that there is a six-hour time difference between the U.S. (East coast) and Spain (it is six hours later in Spain).

For more information about using the phone when you are live with a host family, please see the “Telephone” section on page 33.

## **Cell Phones:**

Many students purchase cellular phones while in Spain. This is an excellent way to communicate with other students on the program, to be accessible to family and friends at home, and to be reachable in the event of an emergency. It may, however, be very expensive to make international calls with your cell phone. Students can check with their current cell phone provider to see if their phone has international calling capabilities. If so, you will have to find out the procedures for using your cell phone abroad. More than likely, you will purchase prepaid cell phone minutes that do not require subscribing to an overseas cell phone service.

A basic phone can be purchased for about € 50. The service is arranged so that you only pay when placing a call, which makes it easy to receive calls from the U.S. Money can be added to your account as needed for placing calls; you will not receive a bill in the mail. You add money to your

account in person at various stores throughout the city (or country), even at **el Corte Inglés**, Málaga's largest department store. You may also want to inquire with the Resident Director to see if any past students would like to sell their cell phone. **Important:** as soon as you have a cell number, please, text the Resident Director at 626 40 13 01 and give him your name; this way he will have your number.

Generally, the most popular cell phone companies in Spain are Vodafone and Movistar. A great way to save money is to purchase a group plan, which significantly decreases the charge for outgoing calls to the mobile phones of people in the group that you choose, which can number up to ten other users. For a fee with this company, you can make your cell phone number work all over Europe.

### **Skype:**

Another option for international calling is to use the Internet. Skype is a well-known program that allows you to make international and local calls over the Internet. All that is required is an internet connection and a headset or external microphone. Skype offers several options:

- 1) **Skype to Skype:** Have your family and friends download and register with Skype. Once you have both registered and have a headset or external microphone, you can talk for FREE!
- 2) **Skype Out:** A low cost way to make calls at a local rate to people that have traditional land lines or mobile phones.
- 3) **Skype In:** For a small fee, you can receive a local U.S. phone number that your friends can call. When someone calls, you will receive the phone call on your computer where you can communicate with your friend using a headset or an external microphone. This option also has free voicemail.

For more information, visit the website at [www.skype.com](http://www.skype.com). Please note that this might not be appropriate for all programs due to privacy or access issues.

### **Computers and Internet Access:**

You will be able to use the many computer labs at the UMA but be aware that these may have limited hours. Most academic buildings have WiFi. If you bring a laptop computer, check to see if it has a built-in voltage converter for 220V. If not, you will need to purchase a voltage converter adapter for 220V. Be sure to also bring a plug adaptor for the electrical outlet. For e-mail and Internet use, there are many cyber-café's in Málaga. Prices vary; at last report, a cafeteria in El Palo offered 50 hours online for about \$66USD. In Pedregalejo there are some tapas bars and restaurants that grant you free wireless access with the purchase of a drink, which can be as low as €2-3 for a cup of coffee. In *La Malagueta* area, there are several coffee shops that offer free WiFi.

### **E-mail:**

Remember that official communications from Dickinson College (for example, instructions from the Registrar, Campus Life, or the Center for Global Study and Engagement) will be sent to your Dickinson e-mail account. If you ordinarily use another e-mail account, remember to check your Dickinson account occasionally for messages or to have your Dickinson account forwarded your personal e-mail account. Also, be sure to clear your Dickinson Inbox regularly so that messages can reach you. Make sure you also empty your Outbox and Deleted messages box regularly.

# TRAVELING WHILE ABROAD

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## **Program Travel:**

Your program director will schedule trips around the Iberian Peninsula during both semesters. These trips are a required component of the study abroad program and will relate to some of your courses. You will receive a stipend for meals during these travels. Make sure to clearly communicate to your host families when you will be leaving and returning. The specific destinations and timeline vary from year to year. Your program director will be in touch with you about the dates and destinations of the trips.

## **Vacation Travel:**

In the beginning of the semester it is best to remain in Spanish-speaking areas to aid your language acquisition, build the relationship with your host family, and be available to make Spanish friends.

If you plan to travel, you should plan your travel and guest visits during the vacation periods at the end of the fall semester, which will last approximately a month, or during spring vacation (Holy Week). We respect the Spanish university schedule and consequently do not have a Thanksgiving vacation.

**Personal travel is not a valid excuse for not attending class or turning in late work. Classes will not be rescheduled because of student travel plans.**

## **Travel Transportation:**

**IN SPAIN:** Spain's extensive network of railroads, **RENFE** (schedules available online at <http://www.renfe.es/horarios/english/index.html>), provides excellent service. First and second class seats are reasonably priced, but food and drink in the dining car is not great; take along your own food and beverages for the trip. Málaga also has the high speed train *Ave*, which will take you to all major cities in Spain; they are cheaper than flying and in many cases you will arrive at your destination faster than by plane.

Whenever you board a train for long-distance travel, check the sign on the inside and/or outside of your car to be certain that its destination is the same as yours. Many trains have cars going to different places, and the cars may be separated at stations (sometimes late at night when you might be asleep) and connected to trains going to another destination.

## **International Student Identity Card (ISIC):**

The ISIC card, or International Student Identity Card, can be used internationally to identify oneself as a student, thus qualifying in many countries for discounts on airfare, museums, theaters, and the like. Other benefits include a Help Line for emergency assistance, as well as supplemental hospital and accident insurance. ISIC cards can be purchased on line at <http://www.isic.org/>.

## **Safety while Traveling:**

Whenever you travel, take care of your belongings and safeguard your credit cards, cell phone, and cash at all times. One of the safer places to carry your passport and money is in a breast pouch tied at your neck or in a money belt strapped at the waist, under your shirt. A word to the wise: keep a small amount of money easily accessible so you do not have to dig into your hidden money in public.



# HEALTH AND SAFETY WHILE ABROAD

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## Personal Care/Health Culture:

**IN SPAIN:** You will be enrolled in a Spanish health care program (Medifiat) that will cover you for routine medical care. Visits to a doctor's office will be free because of the socialized health care system, but prescription drugs will not be covered. There are many pharmacies throughout Málaga. Several are designated to remain open 24 hours, called **farmacia de guardia**.

Spain has a good reputation for medical health care and has an ample number of hospitals and clinics for treatment as well as very good emergency services. Minor ailments are usually treated by private doctors, either at their assigned clinic, or, if necessary, at home. Some doctors still make house calls. Qualified pharmacists can also offer medical advice or prescribe over-the-counter remedies in the case of minor ailments. During your orientation period, you will receive more information about medical, dental, and eye care in Málaga.

## AIDS and STDs Overseas:

You are at the same risk for AIDS and STDs while abroad as you would be at home since your risk of infection depends on your behavior. Therefore, if you are sexually active, use good judgment and common sense. It is also highly recommended that you carry a personal supply of condoms and birth control, especially if traveling to underdeveloped regions of the world.

## Safety and Emergency Procedures

### Overview of Emergency Precautions:

The Center for Global Study and Engagement has always taken seriously our students' safety while studying abroad. In the wake of the September 11 events, safety concerns are even more urgent. With the continuing threat of terrorism around the world, we are obviously concerned about the global security situation and continue to monitor it, and we encourage students and parents to do likewise. We depend on a variety of sources to assess situations overseas, including the news, our own Resident Directors, and other on-site contacts abroad, as well as professional colleagues and publications. One of the most important sources is the U.S. State Department. Please review the Department of State web site (see next section), as well as any others you may find useful. All past decisions about canceling or closing programs have been informed by Department of State or World Health Organization recommendations.

We consider it essential that students take responsibility for their own safety, and we expect their cooperation. For example, students are asked to share flight itineraries with our office; our Resident Directors ask students to inform them of any travel plans away from the site. We share DOS warnings and announcements with students and remind them frequently to review common sense safety and security measures, such as those printed below in this section. Each student is given a key chain with emergency phone numbers and instructions and is asked to carry it at all times. In a serious emergency, administrative staff of the Center for Global Study and Engagement can be accessed 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

Dickinson Centers and partner institutions are in regular contact with the Center for Global Study and Engagement in Carlisle, and contact information is updated routinely for students overseas, on-site staff, partner institutions, and local emergency officials at our program sites, as well as U.S. Consulates and Embassies. Our staff abroad remains in contact with local university and civic officials on an ongoing basis.

Dickinson College has developed emergency plans that can be implemented in the event of a crisis directly affecting any of our programs abroad. In the unlikely event that it became necessary to return students to the United States, every effort would be made to offer alternative means for students to complete their academic program. For important information about Program Cancellation, see page 6 and the Refund Policy in Appendix VII.

Dickinson College is concerned about the health and safety of its students traveling abroad. We review our approach frequently and make every effort to anticipate health and safety issues. This said, it remains true that many of the risks in traveling abroad cannot be reasonably anticipated or prevented.

### **Department of State Announcements:**

Department of State travel information and publications are available on the Web at <http://travel.state.gov>. Every student going abroad is responsible for becoming familiar with the Department of State web site and the information available there.

- **Before leaving, read the Consular Information Sheet for your host country.**
- For your safety, do the same while abroad for all countries you visit.
- Current Travel Warnings and Public Announcements are accessible through the State Department web site.
- The DOS home page links to their [Travel Safety Information for Students](#) page, which has good advice and many links, including the fact sheet Travel Warning on Drugs Abroad.

The Center for Global Study and Engagement occasionally sends students Department of State announcements that are relevant to their host country. These announcements are not to alarm students (unless warranted), but instead to inform them of current situations in their country or surrounding countries that they may possibly travel to.

(U.S. travelers may hear recorded information by calling the Department of State in Washington, DC at 202-647-5225 from a touchtone phone.)

### **Key Chains for Emergencies:**

Lightweight key chains are distributed to all students participating in an off-campus program.

Students are asked to attach the key ring to the key(s) that they carry with them at all times. On one side of the tag is the Dickinson College 24-hour Hot Line number (001 717-245-1111). (The digits 001 are the International Country Code for the United States.) On the reverse side is the phone number of the Center for Global Study and Engagement (001 717-245-1341). A Program Center number or other emergency number can be entered in the blank space. For obvious security reasons, the overseas home address or phone number should NOT be entered. The emergency numbers on the key chain make the following easier:

- calling for help at any time in a serious emergency
- contacting the Center for Global Study and Engagement during office hours with matters of concern
- identifying “who he/she belongs to” if injured seriously while not carrying identification.

Obviously, the first step in an emergency is to react to the emergency itself, i.e., contact a doctor, call the police, inform your host family if you are at home, and then contact the Resident Director or other on-site contact, etc.

Any student abroad, whether a Dickinson student or a guest student in a Dickinson program, may call the 24-hour Dickinson College Public Safety number collect in a serious emergency and ask for assistance. The student should identify himself/herself and the program, and give a brief description of the emergency and a call-back number. The operator will locate the proper CGSE staff member, who will then return the call.

### **Parents and the Public Safety number:**

Parents, too, may use the 24-hour Dickinson Public Safety number if they need assistance in contacting their son or daughter after hours in a serious emergency, or if their son or daughter has contacted them because of such an emergency. The procedure would be the same as above.

### **Requests for Contact Information and Itineraries:**

To have emergency contact information at our fingertips, we collect emergency contact information for each student. Parents’ work and cell phone numbers and email addresses are extremely useful, should we need to contact parents quickly. We therefore ask you to cooperate with our requests for parental contact information as well as your host-country mailing address and phone numbers.

We also need to know student flight itineraries. Therefore, please share your itinerary with us by completing the flight itinerary questionnaire on the online application system at <http://dickinson.studioabroad.com>.

## **Safe Behavior Abroad**

Travel abroad is always an adventure for students. A common sense approach to the risks involved goes a long way toward assuring safe travel and pleasant memories. We offer the following suggestions for your own safety:

- When you travel during vacations, give a copy of your itinerary to your Resident Director. Even if your plans are vague, leave whatever information you can, such as the names of travelers, expected destinations, lodging, phone numbers, and if available, mode of travel and dates of departure and return.
- Check State Department advisories on the web for all countries you will be traveling through to be prepared for any special conditions or dangers, visa requirements, etc.
- Travel with at least one other person.

- Carry passport, travelers checks, money, and other important papers in a pouch around your neck or waist under your clothing.
- Avoid travel in large, predominantly American groups. It is easier to meet local people this way. It is also easier to organize trips and sightseeing in smaller gatherings, and can be safer.
- Always carry some local currency. Keep the equivalent of at least \$50 cash in reserve while traveling.
- DO NOT HITCHHIKE. Travel by bus, train, local transportation, or car.
- Do not leave money, tickets, your passport, or other valuables in a hotel room while you are out. Take them to the hotel front desk and ask them to put them in a safe.
- Keep a low profile in demeanor and dress. It is wise to adapt to local dress codes; avoid clothes and behaviors that call attention to yourself as a foreigner who does not know the culture.
- Leave expensive jewelry at home. It is best to wear little or none.
- Every year backpacks are stolen from students who set them down at their feet or sling them over the back of the chair in a café. Be careful with your belongings because replacing your passport, credit cards, keys, etc., is quite a hassle.
- Be polite, low-key, and sensitive to local customs; always observe signs and regulations in public places.
- Speak the local language wherever possible.
- Student guidebooks such as *Let's Go* or *Lonely Planet* are generally a good source of information.

### **In Troubled Times...**

Avoid the following:

- controversial discussions/situations in public places such as pubs
- street gatherings, demonstrations, picketing, etc.
- dangerous areas, shortcuts, narrow alleys, or poorly lit streets
- walking around in a large group speaking English
- heated sports matches and public events characterized by crowd excitement.

In times of heightened political, religious, or ethnic tensions, be particularly careful in:

- identifiable American institutions such as Embassies, American Express, McDonald's, Hard Rock Cafés, discotheques, lobbies of American chain hotels, and other places such as bars and restaurants identified with Americans or where Americans usually gather
- military and diplomatic installations; war memorials
- highly visible and crowded churches, mosques and synagogues
- train stations and airports; do not hang around ticket offices or airline counters--go quickly to your train or the lounges beyond the passport controls.

Some advice concerning terrorism:

Be especially careful to help maintain security both at your study site and while traveling. Because terrorist actions are usually preceded by a surveillance period, the U.S. State Department asks all American citizens "to be alert to anyone who might appear to be following them, or anyone whom they notice in the same place repeatedly, or anything unusual near their vehicles, workplaces, or locations frequented by Americans. Any unusual

activity of this sort should be reported to local police."

Remember that terrorist attacks are usually planned months in advance. They often involve innocent accomplices. Students in foreign countries are considered easy to recruit. Be cautious when you meet new people. Do not give your address, your telephone number, or contact info for your study site.

Further recommendations when traveling:

- Do not accept any package, parcel, or suitcase from anyone asking you to carry, look after, or store items for them.
- Do not borrow suitcases; make sure that no one has put anything in your luggage. A few years ago, a bomb found at Heathrow Airport in England had been planted in the bag of a young woman by her boyfriend whom she had known for over a year.
- Never drive a car for someone else, especially across national borders.
- Remain alert in public places; look around; get away from any package or bag that appears abandoned, and notify the employees or local police.
- Do not leave your own bags unattended, not only because they may be stolen, but also because the police may consider them dangerous and confiscate or destroy them.

### **Health and Safety information resource online:**

Check out the Student Study Abroad Safety Handbook at <http://www.studentsabroad.com/>.

This is a resource intended for students' and parents' direct use. It offers exhaustive checklists and resources covering all kinds of topics related to safety abroad.

### **Personal Security in Spain:**

According to the U.S. State Department, Spain has a very low, but rising, rate of violent crime. Nevertheless, minor crimes such as pick pocketing, purse snatching, and theft are frequent; bags or other articles left unattended are likely to disappear. Criminals usually operate around transportation sites (including bus and train stations) and tourist attractions (including museums, monuments, and beaches). Safeguard your passport and money at all times! Do not carry your passport with you while in Málaga, but carry a photocopy of the main pages instead. It is advisable to carry your wallet in your front rather than your back pocket.

Although civil disorder is rare in Spain, in the past the ETA Basque terrorist organization has created problems. The ETA has announced a unilateral cease-fire. However, it remains to be seen how it will act in the future. Historically, ETA's efforts have been directed against police, military, and other Spanish government targets. Ordinary citizens, however, were the target of the 2004 terrorist bombings on Madrid's commuter trains. Students should be alert, exercise caution, and avoid demonstrations and other potentially violent situations.

### **Emergency Procedures in Spain:**

**EMERGENCY PHONE TREE:** In case of an emergency affecting the public, the Resident Director will utilize a phone tree system. The phone tree system will be explained to all students upon arrival in Málaga. In addition to the phone tree system, all students will be given emergency cards that will list important telephone numbers. You must have the phone tree and the emergency

card with you **at all times**.

**EMERGENCY WHILE TRAVELING:** If you have an emergency while traveling, contact the Resident Director at once. In a medical emergency, be prepared to pay in cash and submit receipts to your insurer for reimbursement later. In case of the loss or theft of your passport, contact the local police and the nearest U.S. Embassy or Consulate (see contact details on page 5).

**EMERGENCY KEYCHAIN:** In a very serious emergency, use the contact numbers on your emergency key chain to reach the Center for Global Study and Engagement during work hours, or 24/7 through the Public Safety number. Before traveling, review the emergency protocol on page 4 of this handbook.

### **Family Emergencies:**

Since you will be far away from home for an extended period of time, it is good to discuss with your family what to do in the case of a family emergency while you are overseas. This should include what you would do if a family member becomes ill or dies.

It is important to consider how your family will respond if you are involved in an accident or suffer from a severe illness while abroad. We advise one or both parents to obtain a current passport in case of emergency. This should be done before you depart the U.S.

### **Final Thoughts:**

Observing these mentioned precautions will be reassuring to you and to your parents, relatives, and friends at home. However, being overly concerned with safety should not interfere with the enjoyment of life and study in another country.

# CULTURAL PERSPECTIVES

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## Being Informed about the Host Country and World Affairs

What do you know about your host country?

1. Can you name the capital city and the head of state?
2. Can you name the major political parties and what they stand for?
3. How is the government organized in your host country as compared to the U.S.?
4. Name five large cities, identify their location and a feature they are famous for.
5. What are the key historical events of the 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> century in your host country?
6. What are the major religions in your host country and what role do they play?
7. Who are the major literary and/or cultural figures of the last two centuries?
8. What is the state of the economy? What are its problems, successes, and how is it organized?
9. Can you identify on a map the major rivers, mountain ranges, and other significant geographical features?
10. Can you identify on a map the states, provinces, or other political subdivisions of the country?
11. How is the educational system organized and funded?
12. What is the predominant view in your host country regarding current U.S. foreign policy?

Without researching the answers, most of us would do poorly on this little quiz. However, most local people at your study abroad destinations could probably answer most of these questions about the U.S. Think about it!

Before you leave, do some serious research to educate yourself about your host country. Travel guidebooks and encyclopedias offer a respectable starting point. Read books, magazine articles, and newspapers about host country history, literature, geography, cuisine, etc. Foreign films are also a good resource. Take the initiative and get acquainted with international students on Dickinson's campus before going abroad. However, we strongly recommend you to also consult European news like BBC or La Vanguardia ([www.lavanguardia.es](http://www.lavanguardia.es)), El País ([www.elpais.com](http://www.elpais.com)), and Sur ([www.diariosur.es](http://www.diariosur.es)).

No matter where you go, you will be asked hard questions about U.S. foreign policy. It is crucial that you have an understanding of what is going on internationally. Read newspapers and magazines that cover international affairs in depth. Include foreign news sources to expose yourself to other perspectives and a different set of facts abroad. The point is: you do not want to arrive abroad poorly informed or be caught off-guard by an encounter with viewpoints sharply different from your own. You especially need to be knowledgeable about the situation in Iraq and the Middle East, and how your host country and the United States stand in relation to those areas. People will have strong opinions and want to engage you in dialogue. Prepare for these situations and recognize their value as learning opportunities.

### **New York Times e-delivery:**

The New York Times runs an email service that provides daily delivery of the International section of the New York Times to your email box! You receive a brief overview of the article and a link that takes you to the full article. To subscribe to the service, go to <http://www.nytimes.com/>.

Down the left side of the page, there is a MEMBER CENTER, where E-Mail Preferences are listed.

You have to "sign-up" with the NYT, which is free. Once you sign up, you can click on a box that says "International" and you will receive an email with headlines from the NYT every day.

Now is the time to prepare for your study abroad learning experience. We urge you to engage in learning about the world now!

### **The People:**

One of the largest countries in Europe, Spain offers a fascinating mixture of people with different cultural backgrounds. Because there is often a pronounced difference from one region to another, Spaniards usually identify with their local area to a much greater degree than U.S. citizens do.

Spaniards are more courteous and formally polite in their behavior than people of many other nationalities, and foreigners will be received better and can expect more cooperation if they are similarly courteous. When in doubt, err on the side of being overly polite.

Family ties are very strong in Spain; in fact, most young Spaniards live with their parents until they are married and have set up their own homes.

In general, Spaniards are a gregarious people; they love to gather together to talk. At the same time, the Spanish home is a very private place. Spaniards do most of their socializing out-of- doors, in bars and cafés. They seldom entertain even their own friends in their homes.

### **Local Customs:**

A basic paradox of living abroad, and this is especially true of U.S. Citizens living in Western Europe, is that both the familiar and the new will surround you. Spain is a developed, wealthy, Western democracy, and as such Spanish society has a lot in common with the life to which you are accustomed. On the other hand, social interaction in any culture is based on an assumption of shared knowledge (history, values, folklore, language, etc.). As you will not share that common ground, much that is obvious to locals will not be obvious to you.

You will find that most *malagueños* are very open and friendly. Remember that you are coming to a city that is visited by millions of outsiders every year; your presence will not surprise anyone. On the other hand, you will want to surprise *malagueños* with your ability to absorb, understand, and live in the local culture. During your first days in Málaga you will learn a great deal about everyday habits and customs, much of which you will pick up by observation. This will be a focus for discussion during the first weeks.

In short, a large part of your experience will draw on the subtleties of social behavior and norms, and it will be impossible to summarize to people at home. For the most part, attempts to generalize about "what people are like" fail. Try to read as much as you can about Spain over the summer, and most importantly, remember that the fewer preconceived notions you have when you arrive, the better. Be a good observer and you will learn a great deal. The old adage "When in Rome, do as the Romans do" is often the best advice.



### **Racial/Gender/Sexuality Issues:**

**RACIAL ISSUES:** Spanish society is quite varied and very interesting, but Málaga may strike you as more homogeneous than most urban areas in the U.S. Spain is currently one of the Western European nations with the highest levels of immigration, mainly from northern Africa, Latin America, and Eastern Europe. Málaga has a growing community of immigrants.

**GENDER ISSUES:** Young, foreign women may be the object of unwanted attention (usually in the form of propositions or catcalls) from Spanish males. The best response to verbal harassment is not to respond at all; any replies may be misinterpreted. Keep moving and ignore them! Women should not walk the streets alone at night.

Topless sunbathing is also quite common in Spain and there are nude beaches (normally outside cities marked **playa natural** or **playa de nudistas**.) Spanish television is much more permissive than U.S. television in its inclusion of sexual content in programming.

**SEXUALITY ISSUES:** In Spain, the legal age for sexual intercourse is 18. Generally, there is a fairly relaxed attitude toward homosexuality. Spain is more accepting in the legal status of same-sex couples than most other countries in the world, including the right to marriage. Some consider the gay scene in Spain one of the most open in Europe. Málaga is no exception. There are cultural and social organizations, as well as gay bars and clubs.

### **Suggested Reading/Web Sites:**

#### **BOOKS:**

*The Art of Travel*, Alain de Botton (Vintage International, 2002)

*Maximizing Study Abroad: A Students' Guide to Strategies for Language and Cultural Learning and Use*, Paige et al. (University of Minnesota Press, 2002)

*Understanding Cultural Differences*, Edward T. and Mildred Reed Hall (Intercultural Press, 1990)

*European Customs and Manners*, Nancy L. Braganti and Elizabeth Devine (Meadowbrook Press, 1992)

*Women Travel and More Women Travel*, ed. Miranda Davies and Natania Janasz (The Rough Guides)

#### **NEWSPAPER WEBSITES:**

*El Diario Sur* is the largest newspaper of Málaga and the southern region of Spain. Other important newspapers include *El País*, based out of Madrid, and *La Vanguardia*, based out of Barcelona. You are encouraged to check the websites of these newspapers regularly to learn about and keep up with current events and issues of Spain:

[www.lavanguardia.es](http://www.lavanguardia.es)

[www.elpais.com](http://www.elpais.com)

[www.diariosur.es](http://www.diariosur.es)

#### **WEB SITES:**

Dickinson Program in Málaga:

[www.dickinson.edu/academics/global-campus/content/Dickinson-in-Spain/](http://www.dickinson.edu/academics/global-campus/content/Dickinson-in-Spain/)

University of Málaga: <http://www.uma.es> (in Spanish)

Andalusia: <http://www.andalucia.com/>

Málaga's Tourism sites: <http://www.malaga.eu/> or <http://www.malagaturismo.com/>

Málaga's major daily newspaper: <http://www.diariosur.es/>

Leisure Guide: <http://www.guiadelocio.com/malaga/>

# CULTURAL ADJUSTMENT

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## Stranger in a Strange Land . . .

Students head out into the global village, armed with sensible shoes, sharpened pencils, and bright hopes. They arrive at their destination, settle in, and head out again to discover local charms. They buy a Tube pass. Eat borscht or sushi. All goes well ... a few minor complications ... that begin to pile up ... until suddenly CULTURE SHOCK strikes! and the notion of “Home” gains an unprecedented, intense appeal.

Some form of this experience awaits almost everyone who goes abroad for the first time (and also for the second and every other time to follow). Culture shock is a natural phenomenon, the frustrating, but temporary first step toward the profound personal growth and broadening of horizons that is a central reason for studying abroad. A great deal depends on how you respond to it.

The two articles reprinted in this section are intended to help you navigate the experience of cultural adjustment you will soon face. If you are studying in a non-English speaking country, be sure to read the story of the woman who overcame her fear of using her clumsy beginners’ Russian.

# CULTURE SHOCK

## What is it?

Culture shock is the mental, physical and emotional adjustment to living in a new environment. It is the coming to terms with different ways of approaching everyday living—everything from fundamental philosophical assumptions (one's worldview) to daily chores.

Anyone living in a new environment long enough cannot ignore the differences. They become frustrating, and possibly infuriating, until recognizable patterns emerge and an understanding of why things are done differently develops.

Culture shock can be charted on a U-shaped curve that encompasses five separate phases: fun, fright, flight, fight and fun. When you first arrive in Britain, everything is wonderful. You're excited that you've arrived, finally seeing firsthand all those places that previously were just one-dimensional pictures. This is the 'fun' stage.

After a while, all those wonderful, cute customs become aggravating. There is no point to them. You think your own culture's way are much better, more efficient, more sensible. While British people seem friendly, at first, it's just superficial warmth, not a real interest in establishing a friendship. You begin to miss your family and friends. This is the 'fright' stage.

Then it gets worse. You're really homesick. You can't find anything good about the UK. Everything stinks. You're convinced that nothing beats your home country, and you remember how good you had it at home. You may even come to believe that all your problems will go away if you can just pack up and go home. This is the 'flight' stage. It's serious but usually temporary.

You give yourself a pep talk and decide to stick it out awhile longer. This experience deserves a fair chance. You become a bit more active in the clubs you joined earlier. You make more of an effort to get to know the people on your dorm floor. You decide to be less furious with those stupid policies (like post offices and stores that close early). Now you're into the 'fight' stage.

Know what? You begin to like the people on your residence hall floor. In fact, those acquaintances are more like friends. They tell you why those stupid policies are the way they are. In fact, those policies make sense and don't seem too stupid. You're no longer inconvenienced by them and have trouble understanding why they bothered you so much. You suddenly realize you like it there and want to stay forever. You've arrived at the fifth and final stage -- and have made it through the emotional roller coaster ride of culture shock.

## Possible Symptoms of Culture Shock

Sometimes people don't realize when they're suffering from culture shock. This confusion can be

the result of looking at several symptoms as isolated problems rather than as related components of a single affliction. Some signs which you may notice that could indicate culture shock are:

- Homesickness
- Boredom
- Withdrawal (spending too much time in your room, only seeing other U.S. students, avoiding your host family)
- Negative feelings and stereotyping of nationals
- Inability to concentrate
- Excessive sleep or insomnia
- Compulsive eating or drinking
- Lack of appetite
- Irritability
- Crying uncontrollably or outbursts of anger
- Physical ailments, such as frequent headaches or stomachaches

## Dealing with Culture Shock

There are ways to prepare for, and thereby lessen the extremes of, culture shock.

First, know that you will experience some degree of culture shock (even if you don't believe it now). Everyone does. Carefully read the process outlined so that you'll recognize the symptoms and feelings. Most importantly, understand that those frustrating feelings will pass.

Second, expect things to be different. Some differences will be quite

obvious, others less so. You're probably prepared for the major cultural differences -- religious and socio-economic differences. It's the apparently trivial differences that will become the most grating. Try not to allow yourself to blow them out of proportion.

Third, don't label differences as "good" or "bad." Because the American way is the predominant (if not the only) way you know, you will inevitably compare everything there with the ways and approaches you know in this country. Realize that you are not looking objectively at your new culture. Rather, you're seeing (and judging) it from the American perspective. Instead of judging what you see as better or worse than what you know in America, try to focus on the differences and ask why they exist.

Fourth, maintain the ability to laugh at your mistakes. It will take some time to adapt to the point you can maneuver without making cultural missteps. After all, it took quite a bit of training by your parents and effort on your part to be comfortable in your own culture! Finally, you don't have to "do as the Romans do" and accept all the differences. You'll like some of the British ways and incorporate them into your daily routine. Other ways won't fit your values or outlook, and you'll decide that they're not appropriate for you. You are free to make choices, and doing so is perfectly acceptable.

#### Taking the Sting Out

Culture shock occurs because, unconsciously, we expect everyone to be like us. Inevitably, something will occur in a new culture that will not fit your frame of reference

and therefore won't be fully comprehended. This sort of ambiguity is threatening and frequently causes fear, anger, repulsion or some strong emotion.

The key to coping is to become aware of these reactions as they arise. Instead of allowing extreme emotional reaction to control, try to determine the cause of your reaction. By focussing on the cause instead of the reaction, you can frequently cause the emotion to abate. Then you can experience the situation more objectively, without the American presumptions which caused the emotional reaction in the first place.

Careful observation, not clouded or skewed by your own cultural presumptions and expectations, will help you develop an understanding of the new culture and will facilitate your inclusion in that culture. This is a general overview of culture shock. *The Art of Crossing Cultures* by Craig Storti (Intercultural Press, 1989) discusses culture shock and coping strategies in more detail.

#### American Cultural Patterns

Culture shapes everything -- the ways in which you think and analyze, what you value, how you do things, what's considered proper behavior. It's difficult to assess all the effects of a culture while you are enmeshed in it. When you're abroad, you'll discover important aspects of the American culture that you were unaware of before you left. Since you'll be viewing your new culture from the American perspective, it is helpful to have a good grasp of the American perspective and how it shapes you.

Being aware of your own cultural biases and presumptions will enable you to understand your reactions to ambiguous events that occur while you are abroad. While you won't escape culture shock, you can be well-prepared to face it and dilute its effects. You may think this is obvious, but take a look anyway. Tacit knowledge can only be of help to you if you're cognizant of it. Time in America is linear. The clear division between past, present and future allows for a chronological frame of reference. Time is a tangible thing. It can be "used," "spent," "wasted," and "managed." It is a commodity to be carefully monitored. The faster something is done, the better.

#### Cultural Variations

Most western cultures share many of the same assumptions with Americans, but some variations do exist. Be prepared for "efficient and quick" to be a very different concept from what you're used to. While everyone likes an idea that works, some cultures value aesthetics over practicality or emphasize the process over the end result, and family ties and social obligations are often given priority over individual needs and wants.

#### You're Not Alone

Remember that everyone else on your program will experience similar feelings to yours. Don't hesitate to look to them for moral and emotional support. In addition, the staff of both your host institution's international student office and our offices abroad can help you if you're feeling particularly stressed or anxious. Please seek them out.

From the Beaver College Orientation Handbook

*A traveler to Russia finds that attempting the language, however haltingly, opens doors and prompts smiles*

**A**BOUT five weeks into my evening class in Russian, I came to a hard truth. I knew, abruptly and positively, that I was never going to speak this lan-

My friend started my course, friends said with awe, "You are going to learn a whole new alphabet!" The alphabet, for all its idiosyncrasies (like the capital letter T that becomes a small *n* in the turned out to be conquerable. My classmates and I got a kick out of standing at the blackboard writing words embellished with hooks and loops and dots. But my middle-aged brain gave up when it came to the grammar, with its three genders and six cases for nouns and adjectives, its confusing verbs of motion and its different verb forms for completed and uncompleted actions.

If I had been in school, taking Russian for credit, I would have panicked. Instead I was one-evening-a-week, not-for-credit student in the University of California Extension class in San Francisco. My classmates, ranging in age from 20 to 60, were taking the course for the sheer pleasure of learning new sounds. No one was planning to move to Moscow or make a fortune in the Wild West of Russian commerce, although there were some hints of cross-cultural romance. If there was little exterior pressure to

Clearly, no Russian was going to mistake my Shave mutterings for the real thing. Nevertheless, I continued to study Russian. I just changed my goals. As my Russian-speaking daughter put it: "Mom, you are never going to learn this language perfectly."

JOAN CHATFIELD-TAYLOR is an author who lives in San Francisco.



into Moscow in a blitzkrieg, I was frantically re-perusing my Russian textbook. On the way into town, I began to read billboards. Suddenly, I felt a surge of confidence and an unreasoning interest in cell phones, Macintoshes, banks, computers and other New Russia status symbols. I understood almost everything, with the help of an extremely basic vocabulary and the helpful, historically-tinted tendency of the Russians to borrow words from other languages. Even under the heavy disguise of the Cyrillic alphabet, the word for a hotel floor is pure French, *étage*. Nor does it take much linguistic orilliance to

figure out that loopy parapsychics just a fancy way of saying carnal.

One cannot live by billboards alone, however. The more interesting challenge came when we decided to take a walk. I approached the elderly hotel security guard near the door, took a deep breath and asked, "Where is the Starz Atrium?" In what I hoped was Russian, he looked at me with a mixture of relief and astonishment, smiled and not only gave me directions but drew a map highlighting the underground passage that gave Moscow pedestrians from certain death on the city's many lethal streets.

tionists with her graceful subjunctions and catchy idioms. Instead, I now smile a lot. I begin every conversation — if one can call these garbled bursts conversations — with phrases, thank yous and excuse me. I grovel. Injunctively speaking.

It has been worth it. Even a handful of words, chosen almost at random, is empowering. Russia, that mysterious and intimidating country, became a friendlier place as soon as I learned to say *spasibo*. So have Turkey, Costa Rica, and Mexico. And even a dozen other countries with, yes, a thousand phrases book, lapped down my aches and pains, however politely, to speak.

I remembered other countries where a few words of the language had had dramatic effect. My best moment in Turkey came in a restaurant in Istanbul. After a long and pretentious dark restaurant in Istanbul, where we struggled to read the menus in the penumbra, our waiter ignored our requests in English for more light. Suddenly I remembered that my all-words Turkish vocabulary included both *lutfen* (please) and *lucun* (candle). When I said firmly, "lutfegin, lufun," his amazement was lovely to behold, and so were the candles that promptly graced our table.

# Cultural Adjustment: Responses to Living Abroad

In order to understand what culture shock is, you need to remember that your ability to function in the world depends on your being able to read hundreds of signs, to respond to subtle cues, and to behave according to countless explicit and implicit rules. At home, much of what you do in your daily life is automatic and requires little thought. Overseas, the reverse is true, and simple tasks can become difficult. Because you are not always able to understand the messages you receive and cannot always communicate what you mean, you may suffer anxieties. When you are confronted with new ways of thinking and acting, including oftentimes a different value system, you can become disoriented. Your 'normal', 'common-sense', or 'logical' way of looking at things suddenly may not apply. Suffering culture shock can, at its worst, lead to severe stress and depression. Even a light case of culture shock will manifest as frustration and irritation.

Culture shock usually manifests itself as a cycle of readjustment phases that may last quite a while before one adapts. Most people experience at least two lows during a stay overseas, but the length and severity of these vary greatly for each individual. Fortunately, culture shock is both predictable (it will happen) and manageable (you will survive it). If you are prepared for it, you can do a great deal to control it or at least understand its effect. The best advice may be to remain flexible and open-minded to new things, maintain a sense of humor about the mistakes you will make (and you will make some), and try to integrate as quickly as possible into your new culture. Whatever happens, the program director is available to help you through rough periods. We encourage students to talk to the on-site staff when they meet problems and not to wait until the problem gets bigger and more complicated.

## Responses to Living Abroad:

- 1) First weeks, riding high with enthusiasm. Commonly known as the "honeymoon stage."
- 2) Possible entrance of a slight anti-American streak such as thorough disgust with all American tourists... or "I am never going to go back to America again."
- 3) Feeling of being overwhelmed by all the possibilities presented in your host country, i.e. cultural events, restaurants, student clubs, traveling in your host country and elsewhere, etc.
- 4) Realization of aloneness, some independence, absence of family, problems of communicating by letter, struggle with the language, utilizing free time, heating and housing discomforts, etc.
- 5) This often coincides with mid-semester examinations adding academic pressure to all of the above, which results usually in a very low period or dark depression. Psychologist L. Oberg states that some of the symptoms of this period are: "Excessive washing of the hands; excessive concern over drinking water, food, dishes, and bedding; a feeling of helplessness, fits of anger over delays and other minor frustrations; delay and outright refusal to learn the language of the host country; excessive fear of being cheated, robbed or injured; great concern over minor pains and eruptions of the skin; and finally, that terrible longing to be back home, talking to people who really make sense."
- 6) Hostility or aggressive phase. Complaints about the local people, their customs and attitudes. Complaints about the program, regulations, and attitudes. This phase can become extremely petty.
- 7) Identity crisis. Searching within oneself, "Why am I here?", "Am I in the right major?"

### **Recovery:**

- 1) Slowly finding a balance between academic work and other compelling interests. Better organization of one's time, and separation of the romantic preconceptions from the reality.
- 2) Oberg again says, "The recovery stage usually finds a growing sense of humor, with the visitor able to joke not only about the host country, but also about his own difficulties. In the final stage, adjustment, the visitor learns to accept the foods, drinks, habits, and customs of the host country and even to enjoy them."
- 3) Important realizations include getting to know the local people as individuals and not as stereotypes, suddenly realizing the great personal freedom and appreciating it, making deep friendships with fellow students and the local people, finally leaving America and trying to learn something about the host country with an accompanying decision to appreciate the best of both countries.

### **Our Advice:**

Here are some additional thoughts concerning cultural adaptation:

Soon after arriving, you will undoubtedly confront the temptation to withdraw into the American group. Work hard to resist this crutch. Extreme dependence on the American group will limit ties and friendships outside your immediate circle. You should make a genuine and constant effort to penetrate and become part of the host culture. Opportunities are there from the moment you arrive, but you must take the first step and probably the second and third.

Look for clubs and activity groups, which provide opportunities for meeting people and for doing things that you enjoy. If you do join a group, realize that you are the one who will have to fit yourself in. People will not necessarily go out of their way to accommodate you. Even if you are not a "joiner," you should get involved in things that interest you.

Beware of cultural stereotypes! They can operate against you, as well as against the culture you are living in. Stereotypes are destructive because they can interfere with getting to know the local people and prevent you from getting to the rich reality behind the surface.

Avoid making negative comparisons with how you do things or what you have in the U.S. It can be a challenge to understand why things are done differently, but try to be patient and figure out what the difference is and why. Remember, you are not going abroad just to find the same things that exist here in the States. Beware of ethnocentrism, the attitude of superiority of one group over another. We tend to think our culture and society are the most important, worthy, and civilized in the world, and you may be surprised to find that others do not share our view.

Your experience abroad will not always be a bed of roses, and you may experience great loneliness at first. There will be a vacuum of comfortable social, cultural, and political structure. Activities and status symbols that make you who you are at home and on campus will be missing or meaningless: meetings, contacts, cars, sororities and fraternities, and extra-curricular recognition. There will be the void of a familiar routine in your life.

What can you do to survive with grace? Re-organize and learn to budget your time and avoid the temptation of too much travel. Keep a journal for future reference. Be patient; you will not learn the language perfectly or make friends in the first two weeks after arrival. Accept that you cannot become totally submerged in host culture. Be proud, although not intrusively so, of being an American. You will unavoidably carry your American cultural background with you. Accept that wherever you are is the center of the world for the people who live there. Behave as a guest, and show the inhabitants that you feel lucky to be there, in the center of their world.

And most importantly, remember that early disorientation is normal, healthy, and perfectly OK!

# KEEPING TRACK OF YOUR TIME ABROAD

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## **Keeping a Journal:**

You are about to embark on a journey where you will be a foreigner. As you interact with the people and customs of your new surroundings, your views of yourself and some of your most cherished values will be challenged and undergo subtle changes.

One of the best tools for gaining insight into these changes is to keep a journal. There you can reflect on the puzzling and wonderful things you have seen, experienced, and overheard that sticks in your mind. A custom that appears strange at first will often become understood as you continue to observe it in its own context. Writing down incidents, thoughts, questions, ideas, and reflections will help give depth and insight to your experience and can also be therapeutic. A journal can be especially helpful when traveling because it will be easier to remember the amazing places you visited – and a great reminder of your time abroad when friends and family ask about your semester.

It is always a challenge to put this experience into words, but make a start and stick with it. Go beyond the mere recording of incidents to recording your feelings and conjectures. Why did that comment sting? Why did people react so strangely to my shirt, or smile, or joke? You will see sights that strike you as barely imaginable back home. What does that say about the host culture? What does it say about your own? A month later you may see things differently and you should write that down too. Record stories or poems you are inspired to write, etc. The journal will capture your thoughts at a specific moment. Years later the journal will be a treasure.

## **Taking Pictures:**

Some people may not be particularly fond of writing or just can't find the time to keep a journal regularly. Keeping a camera close at hand is another great way to document all the memories you will make while abroad. Also, upon returning to campus, there will be a photo contest for returned studied abroad students during which your photos will be displayed and eligible for prizes. More details about the photo contest will be sent out upon your return from studying abroad.

## **Dickinson Study Abroad Blog:**

Dickinson College has a blog for students participating in study abroad programs. You may want to consider keeping a journal on the blog and to share your experiences and insights with your friends or other students interested in going on your program. It also serves as a good tool to keep you connected with Dickinson students studying at different locations and to exchange information. You can find the blog at <http://blogs.dickinson.edu/abroad/>. If you are interested, send an email to Todd Bryant at [bryantt@dickinson.edu](mailto:bryantt@dickinson.edu). He will create your blog and send you the basic instructions to get started.

## **Dickinson Study Abroad Wiki Page:**

The blog is a great place for individual journals; however, if you and some of your fellow Dickinsonians would like to publish something together such as a newsletter or paper the wiki is a better bet. No technical knowledge is required. You can get an idea of how it works by looking at the example of the Málaga program at [http://wiki.dickinson.edu/index.php?title=Malaga Study Abroad Program](http://wiki.dickinson.edu/index.php?title=Malaga_Study_Abroad_Program).

If you're interested, send an email to Todd Bryant. He'll make sure you have the access you need and the very basic instructions. (Hint: it starts by clicking the "edit" tab at the start of each page).



# RETURNING BACK HOME

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## Things to Take Care of at Dickinson before Returning Home

### Course Request Process when Returning to Campus:

Information regarding the course request period will be sent via e-mail to students' Dickinson e-mail addresses, announcing when the course request period will take place. Course requests will be made through the web, and the site will be accessible from off campus.

### Room Selection at Dickinson:

The following information about room selection has been provided by the Office of Campus Life. Like other offices on campus, Campus Life relies on e-mail to convey information to students away from campus. You may contact the Office of Campus Life by phone (717-245-1556) or email ([campuslife@dickinson.edu](mailto:campuslife@dickinson.edu)). Communications will be sent to Dickinson students off-campus at their Dickinson e-mail address. **Remember to check your Dickinson account regularly for important messages from the College.**

- **If you are going abroad for *fall semester* and returning for *spring***, you will receive an email from the Office of Campus Life during the fall semester, requesting housing preferences for your spring semester return. These include roommates, type of room, building, and if you have plans to switch with someone going abroad for the spring.
- Campus Life tries to honor all requests, but it is not always possible because available spaces vary from year to year.
- **If you are going abroad for *the entire year* or for *spring semester* and returning for next fall**, it is important that you make arrangements for a housing proxy for the next year **before you leave**. Make sure that you send Campus Life the name of your housing proxy. This can be done by emailing [campuslife@dickinson.edu](mailto:campuslife@dickinson.edu). . Your proxy will pick your room assignment during room selection.

If you wish to live off campus, your proxy will fill out and hand in your off-campus housing application. Applications will become available in the spring semester. NOTE: Not all students who apply will be able to live off-campus. Only a limited number of off-campus permissions will be granted.

## MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

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### **24-Hour Clock/Time Change:**

Official time in Spain (and in the rest of Europe) is based on a 24-hour clock. Spain is 6 hours ahead of the U.S. (EST) for most of the year. However, Spain switches to daylight savings time later than the U.S., so during the last week of March and first week of April, Spain is only 5 hours ahead. Spain also switches back to standard time later in the fall, so from the end of September through the last week of October, Spain is again only 5 hours ahead. Add 1, 2, or 3 hours to these figures if you are in the Central, Rocky Mountain, or Pacific time zone.

### **Currency:**

As of 1 January 2002, the Euro replaced the peseta as Spain's traditional currency. The Euro's current exchange rate is 1 EUR=\$1.31 USD (as of 6 March 2012). The eight denominations of euro coins vary in size, color, and thickness according to their values, which are 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 and 50 cent or EUR 1 and EUR 2. One euro is divided into 100 cents. The euro bills come in denominations of 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200 and 500. One side of the coins features one of three common Euro designs, while the reverse side shows designs relating to the specific member state. Euro coins can be used anywhere in the euro area, regardless of their national sides. You can check the current exchange rate at [www.xe.com](http://www.xe.com).

Students will use this same currency when traveling to other European Union countries. For more information, visit <http://www.ecb.europa.eu/home>.

**Metric Conversion Tables:** See page 59.

<b>APPENDIX I:</b>	<b>TRANSFER CREDIT POLICY</b>
<b>APPENDIX II:</b>	<b>MEMO ON HEALTH INSURANCE</b>
<b>APPENDIX III:</b>	<b>SUPPLEMENTAL TRAVEL INSURANCE</b>
<b>APPENDIX IV:</b>	<b>HEALTH ISSUES WHILE TRAVELING</b>
<b>APPENDIX V:</b>	<b>STUDENT AGREEMENT</b>
<b>APPENDIX VI:</b>	<b>REFUND POLICY FOR OFF-CAMPUS PROGRAMS</b>

# METRIC CONVERSION TABLES

## METRIC CONVERSIONS

<u>Thermometer Readings</u>		<u>Kilometers - Miles</u>	
C	F	Kilometers	Miles
38	100.4	1	0.6
37	98.6 (body temp)	3	1.8
35	95	5	3
30	86	10	6
25	77	15	9
20	68 (room temp)	20	12
10	50	25	15
5	41	30	18
0	32 (freezing)	40	24
-5	23	50	30
-10	14	100	60
-15	5	150	90
-20	-4	200	120
-25	-13	250	150
-30	-22	500	300
[To convert centigrade to Fahrenheit: multiply by 9/5 and add 32]		[To convert kilometers to miles: multiply by .6]	

OR, observe the simple rhyme: “ 30's hot and 20's nice, 10 is cool and zero's ice”

## Weights and Measures

Metric		U.S.
1 gram (gr)	0.035	ounces
500 grams (= ½ kilo)	1.1	pounds
454 grams	1	pound
1 kilogram (= 1000 grams)	2.2	pounds
5 kilograms	11.0	pounds
1 liter (l)	2.113	pints
1 liter	1.056	quarts
3.785 liters	1	gallon
1 deciliter	0.21	pint
1 meter	3.28	feet
1 meter	39.37	inches
1 centimeter	0.394	inches
2.54 centimeters	1	inch

### Kitchen Hints:

1 cup sugar = 200 gr. 1 tsp. = 5 gr.

1 cup flour = 150 gr. 1 tbsp. = 12 gr.

[To weigh yourself: double the number of kilos and add 10%]

# APPENDIX I: TRANSFER CREDIT POLICY

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## The Center for Global Study and Engagement Dickinson College

### Credit Policies for Academic Year & Semester CGSE Programs

#### *General Policies for All CGSE Programs:*

- Dickinson students who have been granted permission to study off-campus must take a **normal full load of classes** as defined by their program or host institution.
- Only **liberal arts classes** will qualify for transfer credit.
- Generally speaking, courses must have an equivalent at Dickinson. Exceptions include classes that focus on the culture and/or history of the country in which a student is studying.
- Transfer credit will not be awarded for coursework that duplicates what a student has already completed at Dickinson.
- Transfer credit is awarded only for classes in which a student earns a grade of “C” or better. However, *all* courses for which a student has registered will appear on the transcript, along with the corresponding grades.
- Grades for courses taken at a cooperating institution (including all non-Dickinson programs) are recorded on the transcript, but are not included in the GPA (see exceptions for Dickinson and Dickinson Partner Programs below).

#### *Specific Policies for Dickinson and Dickinson Partner Programs:*

- Dickinson students enrolled in a Dickinson or Dickinson Partner Program abroad may receive up to a maximum of 4.5 course credits for one semester.
- Some programs require a separate pre-program orientation course that may yield an additional credit (please consult your program-specific handbook for more information).
- Please note that not all programs will provide half courses (.5 credit).
- To take more than 4.5 credits per semester, a student must petition Brian Brubaker, Director of Study Abroad. In the Director’s absence, students may also address their petitions to the Associate Provost and Executive Director of CGSE. **If a student registers for more than the maximum credits allowed without permission of the Center for Global Study and Engagement, the course credit will not transfer.** Students will also be responsible for any additional fees for doing this.
- Grades for Dickinson courses taught at Dickinson Centers (i.e., courses approved by the Academic Program and Standards Committee and taught by faculty approved by the Faculty Personnel Committee) are included in the GPA, *regardless* of the grade earned.
- The following courses taken at cooperating institutions have been approved as “Dickinson courses” by the appropriate academic departments. Letter grades earned will be included in the GPA for:
  - University of East Anglia (Norwich) courses in English, American studies, economics, fine arts, theatre, music, history, philosophy, and religion. Courses in sociology except for core courses 240, 241, and 330/331, for which pre-approval is required.
  - University of East Anglia (Norwich) courses in biology, chemistry, environmental science, environmental studies, geology, mathematics, and computer science.

- University of Queensland courses in psychology
- All courses taken through the School for Field Studies.
- All courses taken at the Intercollegiate Center for Classical Studies (ICCS) in Rome, Italy.

Upon return to Dickinson, students must complete an *Enrollment in Another Institution Form*. **Seniors are required to submit this form prior to the course request period for their last semester. If the form is not in the Registrar's Office by that time, the student will not be permitted to participate in the course request period.** Please note that this form is required **only** when a student is seeking major, minor, or distribution credit for coursework completed at a cooperating university or through the Dickinson in Yaoundé program. The form is *not* required for Dickinson Center courses, or for courses at a cooperating university for which a student is seeking only general credit. After obtaining the required signatures, the student should bring the form to the Center for Global Study and Engagement. The form will then be forwarded to the Registrar's Office.

#### ***Specific Policies for Non-Dickinson Programs:***

- Dickinson students enrolled in a non-Dickinson program may receive up to a maximum of 4 course credits for one semester.
- To take more than 4 credits per semester, a student must petition Carla Maranto-Arnold, Study Abroad Coordinator. In the Study Abroad Coordinator's absence, students may also address their petitions to the Associate Provost and Executive Director of CGSE. **If a student registers for more than the maximum credits allowed without the permission of the Center for Global Study and Engagement, the course credit will not transfer.**

Upon return to the Dickinson, students must complete an *Enrollment in Another Institution Form*. **Seniors are required to submit this form prior to the course request period for their last semester. If the form is not in the Registrar's Office by that time, the student will not be permitted to participate in the course request period.** Please note that this form is required whether a student is seeking major, minor, distribution, or general credit. After obtaining the required signatures, the student should bring the form to the Center for Global Study and Engagement for approval by the Study Abroad Coordinator. The form will then be forwarded to the Registrar's Office. Students should work directly with their host program to ensure that an official transcript is sent to the Registrar's Office as soon as possible after the program has ended.

#### ***What to Do Before Studying Off-Campus:***

Dickinson College does not formally pre-approve courses for transfer. However, students should thoroughly discuss their off-campus plans with their academic advisor(s) prior to leaving Carlisle. Students should talk with their advisor(s) about what may or may not fulfill Dickinson transfer credit requirements, specifically which courses taken off-campus may fulfill major, minor, or distribution requirements. In some cases, conversations with appropriate department chairs may also be helpful. Some departments on campus may require extra work, especially for advanced-level credit. It is the student's responsibility to inquire about any extra work required. CGSE staff are available to answer general questions about transfer credit policies.

#### ***What to Do While Off-Campus:***

Students should maintain e-mail contact with their academic advisor(s) while abroad, especially during the first weeks of the semester when they are in the process of finalizing course schedules. **To document coursework at cooperating institutions, students should keep a portfolio for each course, including a syllabus, reading list, completed projects, written work, examinations, journals, etc.**

## APPENDIX II: Memo on Health Insurance

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### MEMORANDUM

From: The Center for Global Study and Engagement

Subject: Primary Health and Accident Insurance Information

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Students who are covered by the Dickinson Student Health Insurance are covered overseas by this policy. While it satisfies the minimum requirement for primary health and accident insurance for our students on overseas programs, you are advised to examine the policy to see if the coverage meets your specific needs.

For students participating on fall or academic year programs, you will initially be billed for the Dickinson student health insurance. Follow the directions for “waiving out” of the Dickinson student health insurance if you plan to rely on a family policy. Information on waiving out can be found at: <http://www.dickinson.edu/student-life/resources/health-center/content/Insurance/>

Students, who wish to “waive out” of this coverage and be covered instead by their family health insurance policy, will find helpful information about evaluating health insurance in the *Health Insurance* section of their handbook. Your policy must cover you **overseas** and **for the duration of your stay**.

For those going overseas during the spring semester, if you would like to sign up for the Dickinson Student Health Insurance, please contact United Healthcare at 1-800-505-4160.

Like Dickinson students, guest students attending Dickinson programs from other colleges and universities must also have primary health and accident insurance coverage. Non-Dickinson students **do not** have the option of purchasing Dickinson student health insurance.

# APPENDIX III: Supplemental Travel Insurance

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(This policy is subject to change)

## Emergency Travel Assistance Program and Supplemental Travel Accident and Medical Insurance

Under the auspices of the ACE American Insurance Company (A Stock Company), Dickinson College provides world-wide travel assistance services and travel medical emergency insurance to persons acting officially for the College (e.g., program directors, trustees, faculty, administrators, academic professionals, staff, or students).

Afforded under the *world-wide travel services* are the following: Pre-departure Services such as information on immunization requirements, passport and visa requirements and Overseas Assistance such as telephone advice about lost baggage or passport, emergency cash service, assistance during a medical emergency, emergency legal advice-assistance, and emergency message service. For further information, consult the "Travel Assistance Program" brochure available from the Office of the Vice President for Campus Operations. For travel service assistance in the U.S. (or Canada), call 888-293-9229. If outside the U.S., call 001-610-293-9229

Also provided is *world-wide travel medical and emergency insurance* which includes: up to \$50,000 for accidental death & dismemberment, up to \$50,000 for all medical expense benefits, up to 100%\* of usual and customary charges for emergency medical evacuation and repatriation of remains. *Note:* This insurance coverage (ACE policy #GLM N0 48 49 06 1R) is effective ONLY AFTER the person has left the United States. For a complete schedule of benefits, deductibles, and policy limitations and/or exclusions, please consult with the Office of the Vice President for Campus Operations.

To process an insurance claim: a) written notice of the claim must be sent to the Company (ACE) within twenty (20) days after the occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy; b) the Company, upon receipt of the claim, will furnish the appropriate forms to the claimant(s); c) written proof of the loss must accompany any claim; d) payment of the claim will be made to the claimant(s) or to a beneficiary.

Contact Address: Office of the Vice President for Campus Operations, Dickinson College, P. O. Box 1773, Carlisle Pa 17013-2896. Telephone 717-245-1943; FAX 717-245-1903;

\* These benefits apply only after all other valid and collectible insurance benefits are exhausted and are subject to policy limitations and/or exclusions.

September 2009

## APPENDIX IV: HEALTH ISSUES WHILE TRAVELING

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### HEALTH ISSUES WHILE TRAVELING

**Mary Arthur, CRNP, MPA**  
**Dir. Student Health Services**

#### *Travel Clinics*

Carlisle Travel Clinic Carlisle Internal Medicine 11 Sprint Drive, Suite C Carlisle, PA 17015 Phone: 717-245-9765	Holy Spirit Travel Health Program Holy Spirit Hospital 503 North 21 <sup>st</sup> Street Camp Hill, PA 17011 Phone: 717-972-4351	Hershey Medical Center Clinic Phone: 717-972-4222 Phone: 1-800-243-1455
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**Internet Resources:** <http://www.cdc.gov/travel/index.htm><http://www.travelhealth.com>

#### Prior to traveling

Check the CDC web site to get information on the country you are going to. Read about any epidemics or outbreak in progress. Read about water and food precautions. The CDC site will also give you the immunizations you need to be up to date along with any additional vaccinations needed for that specific country. Some vaccinations need to be given weeks before departure, so don't wait, make an appointment as soon as you know where you will be going, so that any needed vaccines may be given in the appropriate time frame.

#### Immunization

All the following immunizations should be up to date:

- Measles, mumps, and rubella (MMR)
- Tetanus and Diphtheria (Td) - within the past 10 years or 5 years if you will be doing work outside around soil or potentially rusted material
- Hepatitis B (series of three shots)
- Polio

For persons who have received a complete series of polio vaccine, an additional single dose of vaccine should be received by persons 18 years of age and older traveling to the developing countries of Africa, Asia (East and Southeast), and Middle East, and the Indian subcontinent, and the majority of the new independent states of the former Soviet Union.

Additional immunizations are recommended for those over 65 or anyone at high risk such as asthmatics, or immuno-compromised people (HIV, long-term steroid use due to organ transplant, chemotherapy treatments, etc.). They are:

- Influenza (flu) vaccine
- Pneumococcal vaccine

#### Malaria

Medication for Malaria must be taken before, during and after your trip to be effective. Expose as little skin as possible.

<b>**THERE MAY BE ADDITIONAL VACCINES THAT ARE SITE SPECIFIC, SO CHECK THE CDC WEB SITE**</b>
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### Medications

If you are taking prescription medication you should keep the medication in its original container from the pharmacy which will have your name, the medication name, dose, and the practitioner's name who prescribed the medication. Do not transfer any medication into any unmarked container. You should also have a written letter or prescription from your physician also verifying this medication was prescribed by a license practitioner and is necessary for medical reasons. You should calculate the amount of medication you will need while you are away, and bring enough so you do not run out.

### Food and Water

The number one cause of illness in travelers is from food and waterborne diseases. Diseases from food and water can cause diarrhea, vomiting, fever and liver disease (hepatitis). Tips on how to stay healthy when abroad can be found on the CDC site.

Some suggestions include:

- Drink only bottled water, boiled water or carbonated drinks in cans or bottles
- Eat only thoroughly cooked food or fruits and vegetables you have peeled yourself
- Don't eat food purchased from street vendors
- Don't drink beverages with ice
- Don't eat dairy products unless you know they have been pasteurized
- Don't handle animals especially monkeys, dogs, and cats
- Don't brush your teeth with tap water

### Items to take on your program

- Over the counter anti-diarrhea medicines such as Pepto-Bismol, or Imodium. Stronger prescription medications may make your condition worse.
- Iodine tablets and water filters to purify water
- Sunblock, sunglasses, hat

### Common Sense

- Automobile accidents account for fifty percent of fatalities and medical evacuations
- Wear seat belts
- Don't drive OR SWIM drunk
- Do not walk on dark roadways at night
- Look both ways several times before crossing the street. Many countries drive on the opposite side of the road from the US, and students have been hit because they look one way only due to habit, and step into the path of an oncoming car.

### Other Points

- Make sure you will have health insurance while abroad. Call your insurance carrier to find out procedure and get it in writing.
- Diabetics need to know country's regulations on needles.
- TB screening after returning is a good idea.
- Certain countries require HIV testing to enter country.
- Antibiotics cause oral contraceptives to be less effective. Always use a backup method if you have to be on an antibiotic.
- Emergency contraception and birth control pills may be illegal in some Islamic countries. If the country allows it and there is even a remote possibility you will be sexually active, women should take ECP's with them. Please call the Health Center to ask about this.
- In Tropical areas don't walk around barefoot. Spray yourself and cloths with DEET, and cover skin completely with clothes. Wear hats.

## APPENDIX V: STUDENT AGREEMENT FORM

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In consideration of my selection for participation in a Dickinson College Study Abroad and/or Domestic Off-Campus Program, I hereby agree to the following conditions of responsibility:

1. I acknowledge that the Dickinson College study abroad and domestic off-campus programs represent the broad values of liberal education and bonds between cultures. As a guest in a host country or with a host family, I will strive to understand and respect norms of conduct and patterns of the host culture. I agree to represent the College responsibly and to abide by dress and cultural codes suitable to the cultures visited.

2. I agree to abide by all policies and regulations of the host institution/Program and/or the regulations of the Dickinson Center I may be attending. I understand that as a participant in a study abroad or domestic off-campus program I remain enrolled at the College and will continue to abide by all College policies, rules or regulations outlined in the *Student Handbook*. I understand that the College has the right to, and will, withdraw me from the program at any time if, in the judgment of the Associate Provost of the Center for Global Study and Engagement, on the advice of the Program Director, I have violated such policies, rules or regulations or have engaged in disruptive behavior, academic infractions, or conduct which could bring the program into disrepute or disrupt the operation of the program. I agree, specifically, that I will have no involvement with illegal drugs, will not engage in illegal or abusive use of alcohol, and will participate in all classes and scheduled activities. I agree further that a decision to withdraw me from the program is final and that I am not entitled to any refund.

3. I further agree that the College may withdraw me from the program and send me home at any time during the program at my expense if the College determines that my continued participation in the program will adversely affect my health, safety or welfare, or the health, safety, welfare or enjoyment of the program by others. I agree further that a decision to withdraw me from the program is final and that I am not entitled to any refund.

4. I understand that the procedures outlined in this section for dealing with discipline and well-being are different than those outlined in the *Student Handbook*, and I agree that the procedures outlined in this agreement shall apply while I am a participant in a study abroad or domestic off-campus program. Further, I understand that a determination made by the Associate Provost of Global Education may be the basis for further disciplinary action by the College, in addition to causing my withdrawal from the program.

5. I understand and agree that in order to be assessed and receive credit for academic work completed while studying off campus, I must participate fully in the program. I also recognize that I am expected to complete the entire program and may forfeit credit should I choose to arrive after the program begins or leave the program early without the prior consent of the Program Director, the host institution, and the Center for Global Study and Engagement.

6. I agree to indemnify and hold the College harmless from and against all claims and actions for property damage or personal injury sustained by me or any other person or entity, which arise out of my participation in the program, including but not limited to, violations of the policies and regulations of the host institution, violations of the policies, rules and regulations of Dickinson College, violations of law, and/or which are due to my sole or concurrent negligence with the College.

7. I, on behalf of myself, my heirs and personal representatives, hereby release Dickinson College and any cooperating institution and each of their officers, employees, successors and agents from any and all claims and causes of action for inconvenience, damage to or loss of property, medical or hospital care, personal illness or injury or death arising out of my participation in the study abroad program and/or travel or activity conducted by or under the control of Dickinson College or any cooperating institution.

8. I understand and acknowledge that there are risks and delays common to travel abroad and that there may be special health risks associated with living and studying in the country or area I have chosen. I understand that I have a responsibility to exercise due caution in my behavior while in the program and agree further that I am personally responsible for obtaining adequate health insurance, health information, instruction, immunizations, and prophylactic medications appropriate to my study abroad program.

9. I have read and understand the refund policies of Dickinson College as outlined in the program orientation handbook published by the Center for Global Study and Engagement, and I understand that the application fee and confirmation payments are non-refundable.

10. I understand and agree that I will provide all completed materials, forms, and payments by the due dates specified and recognize that failure to do this may result in either added costs or in my being withdrawn from the program. Further, I have read or will read and understand all general information provided on this program by the Center for Global Study and Engagement, and will attend and participate in all orientation meetings and other pre-departure briefings.

11. This agreement shall be construed in accordance with the substantive laws of Pennsylvania without regard for its conflicts of laws provisions. The Courts of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Cumberland County or the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any issue or dispute arising under or out of this agreement. Still further, each of the undersigned individuals hereby consents and submits to the personal jurisdiction of the courts set forth in this provision and waivers any challenge to the venue or jurisdiction of such courts over them.

12. I grant permission to the Center for Global Study and Engagement to request on my behalf an official or unofficial transcript from the Registrar's Office at Dickinson College for the purpose of reviewing my GPA or to send the transcript directly to the institution to which I am applying. If I am from another school or have a transcript through another school, it is my responsibility to request a transcript with current information to be sent to the Center of Global Study and Engagement.

13. I grant permission to the Center for Global Study and Engagement to release my name and contact information to fellow program participants and to future students interested in applying to study off-campus.

14. In the event of a medical or mental health care situation while I am abroad, I give Dickinson my permission to contact and consult with any or all of the health care professionals I list on the Medical Background questionnaire, that will be requested of me after I have been accepted, without further consent in order to assess my ongoing ability to participate successfully in the program.

**I have read and agree to the above:**

**Participant signature:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Program:** \_\_\_\_\_

## APPENDIX VI: Refund Policy for Off-campus Programs

### Refund Policy for Early Withdrawal From Dickinson-Sponsored and Dickinson-Partner Programs (Semester/Academic Year) Administered by the Center for Global Study and Engagement

A student's date of withdrawal is determined by one of the following:

- 1) The date the student notifies the Center for Global Study and Engagement in writing of his/her decision to withdraw, or
- 2) The date the student is officially dismissed from the program by the Center for Global Study and Engagement, or
- 3) If a student leaves the program without notifying the Center for Global Study and Engagement, the date of withdrawal is determined by either: the mid-point of the semester or the student's last documented attendance at an academically-related activity, whichever is later.

A student who withdraws 61 days or more prior to the begin date of the Semester/Academic Year Program will receive a 100% refund, less the non-refundable confirmation payment.

A student who withdraws during the 61 days prior to the begin date of the Semester/Academic Year Program will receive a 95% refund of the Program Fee less the non-refundable confirmation payment.

A student who withdraws after the program starts will forfeit the non-refundable confirmation fee and 5% of the Semester Program Fee. Refund of the remaining Semester Program Fee will be determined on a daily pro-rata basis until 60% of the semester has been completed. No refunds will be calculated after 60% of the semester has elapsed. Weekends are included in counted days, except when part of a scheduled period of non-attendance of five days or more, such as spring break.

For example, if a semester includes 110 days from the start date through the end date and a student withdraws on the 50<sup>th</sup> day, the College will retain the \$300 confirmation payment, 5% of the semester fee and a pro-rate portion of the remaining fee.

$$\begin{array}{r} (\$ 300) \\ (5\% \times 26,705) \\ \underline{(50/110 \times (26,705-300-1335.25))} \\ \text{Total retained by Dickinson} = \$11,530.55^* \end{array}$$

\*based on 2011-12 amounts

In all cases, Dickinson also retains the right to deduct non-recoverable costs from any applicable refund. For students receiving Financial Aid, please see the "Financial Aid Refunds" section below.

### Financial Aid Refunds

For students receiving Financial Aid, the financial aid refund rules apply as stated in the Dickinson College Bulletin under the Dickinson College Refund Policy. It is important to understand that, since the financial aid refund and the refund to the student's account are calculated using different methods, the refund to the student account may not fully cover the required refund to the financial aid programs, and the student may end up owing funds to the college after the refund to the financial aid programs has been made.

**Refund Policy for Emergency Cancellation  
Dickinson College Semester/Academic Year Programs  
Administered by the Center for Global Study and Engagement**

All decisions concerning the cancellation (or required modification) of a College program will be made by the Center for Global Study and Engagement in consultation with responsible authorities on campus and overseas. These decisions will be based on, but not limited to, State Department warnings. In the unlikely event of an emergency program cancellation, every effort will be made to accommodate the academic needs of program participants by offering an alternative to enable students to complete their course work. For example, one possible alternative for Semester/Academic Year programs would be to offer suitable coursework on-campus during the summer.

Students whose program is cancelled prior to the begin date will receive a full refund of the Program Fee, including the confirmation payment.

If a program is cancelled after it starts and an alternative for credit completion is offered, no refund will be given.

If a program is cancelled after it starts and an alternative credit completion is NOT offered, the student will receive a full refund including the confirmation payment.